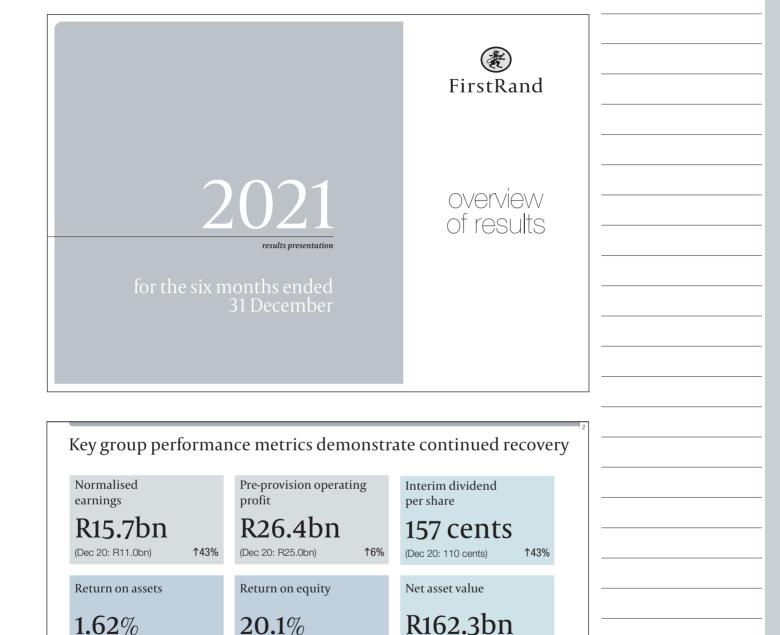


2021

results presentation

for the six months ended 31 December



(Dec 20: 1.14%)

0.61%

(Dec 20: 1.46%)

Credit loss ratio

148 bps

↓85 bps

(Dec 20: 15.6%)

52.4%

(Dec 20: 52.8%)

Cost-to-income ratio

1450 bps

↓40 bps

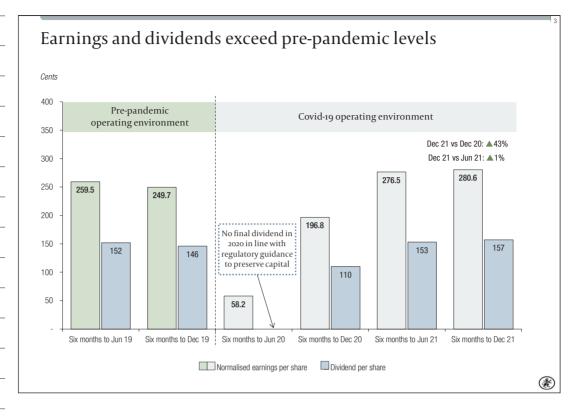


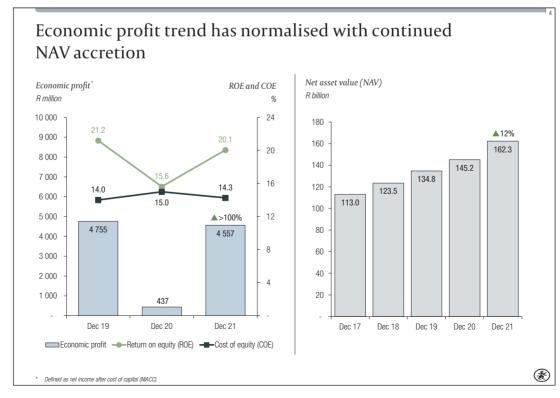
112%

E

(Dec 20: R145.2bn)

CET₁ ratio





ROE decomposition unpacks drivers of operational performance

ROE (%)	22.5	3	21.2		15.6		20.1	
Gearing (time	es) 13.0)	12.8		13.7		12.4	
%								
8 7] _								
6 - 5 - 4 -	2.75		2.67		2.31		2.44	
3 - 2 -	1.71		1.66		1.14		1.62	
1 - 0	3.78		3.77		3.30		3.45	
1) - 2) -	(3.42)		(3.35)	'	(2.96)	'	(3.09)	1
(3) - (4) - (5)	(0.64)		(0.70)		(0.97)		(0.42)	
(~)	Dec 18		Dec 19		Dec 20		Dec 21	

■ NIR as % of average assets ■ Operating expenses as % of average assets ■ ROA %

Speed of ROE recovery demonstrates sustainability of structural underpins

■ NII as % of average assets
■ Impairments as % of average assets

- Relative size of:
 - Transactional franchise (contributes approximately half of gross revenue)
 - Deposit franchise and resultant lower reliance on institutional funding
- Relative advances mix delivers higher risk-adjusted margins
- Credit appetite, underwriting and pricing anchored to preserve return profile
- Disciplined allocation and pricing of financial resources (capital, funding and liquidity, and risk capacity) and ALM strategies
- Market-leading private equity franchise has remained consistent generator of high returns, moving into a realisation cycle
- Executing on strategies to diversify NIR given pressure on transactional revenue from increased competition and potential regulatory intervention
 - Scaling insurance and investment management key to maintaining return profile these activities already contribute c. R5.6 billion to NIR annually
 - Also growing other sources of NIR (e.g. FNB Connect and »nav)



Insurance activities continue to scale and already a meaningful contributor to NIR

- Insurance income averaged R3.9 billion per annum (c. 9% of NIR) over the last five financial years
- · Organic strategy has delivered impressive returns and dividends to group well ahead of expectations
- Group now offers full suite of retail life and short-term insurance products
- R7.1 billion life claims paid to date
- 6.8 million lives covered
- FNB Life now the third-largest insurer in the retail customer base







Investment management activities starting to see benefits of strategic repositioning in 2019

Group assets under management R billion 250 200 150 100 147.5 148.3 153.5 160.4 196.3 100 Dec 17 Dec 18 Dec 19 Dec 20 Dec 21

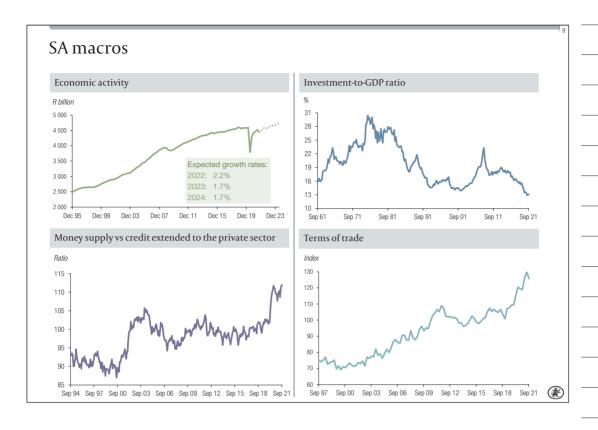
FNB WIM accounts

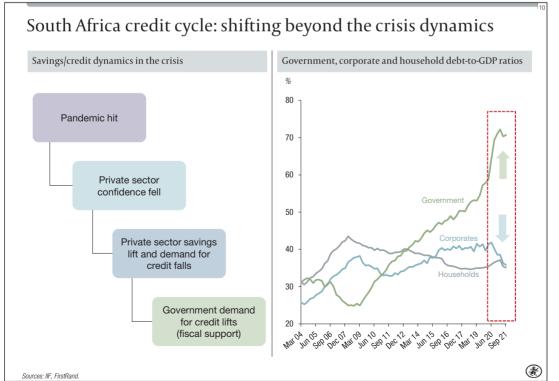
Thousands

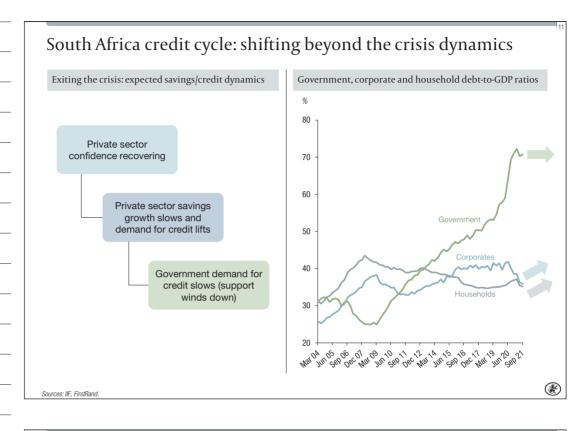
600
400
200
Dec 17 Dec 18 Dec 19 Dec 20 Dec 21

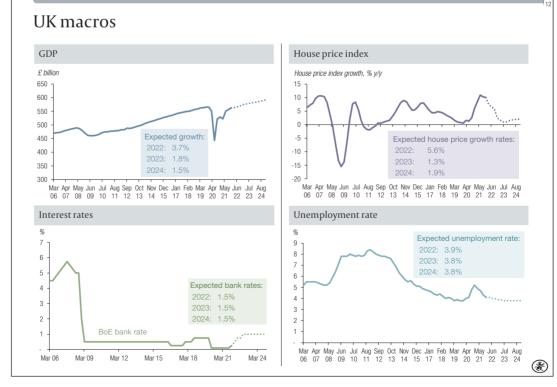
- Investment activities contributed c. R1.7bn of revenue in FY21
- Ashburton asset manager focused on institutional and intermediary market
- Fixed-income funds continued to perform well
- Equities strong turnaround in investment performance in restructured multi-asset funds
- Net inflows of R15.3 billion (Dec 20: R4.3 billion)
- FNB WIM continues to focus on expanding market share in the FNB retail base – currently at 8% penetration



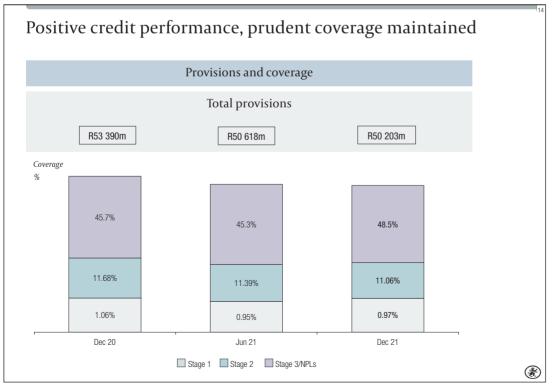


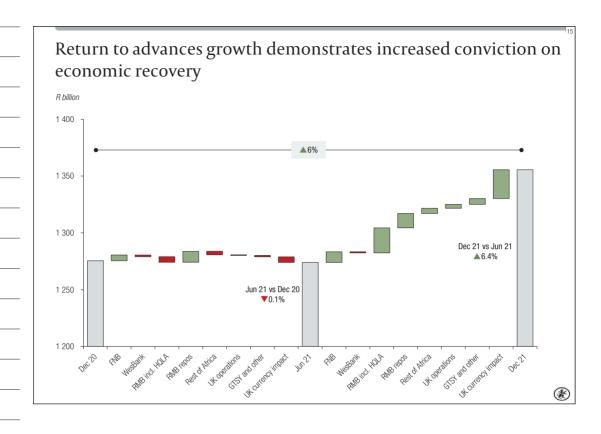






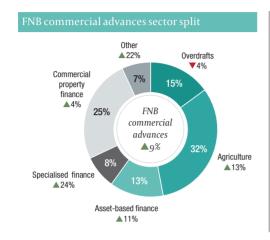


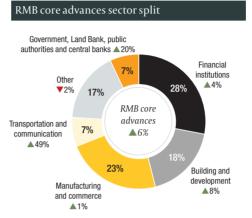






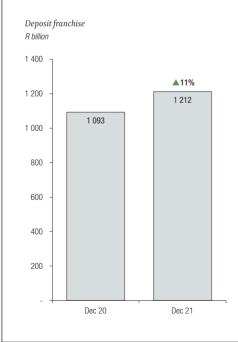
Commercial book reflects sector focus and CIB portfolio demonstrates quality from a risk and opportunity perspective





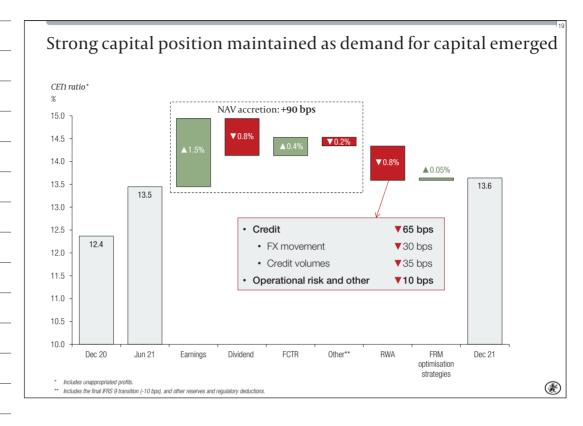


Deposit franchise growth resulted in improved funding mix



- Strong deposit growth across all operating businesses
 - · Driven by good growth in cash investment and transactional products and customer acquisition
 - · FNB the top household deposit franchise in SA by market share (Dec 21 BA900)
- Bank's institutional funding reduced to 27.3% of total funding (Dec 20: 27.7%)
- Increased liquidity buffers (invested in short-dated government treasury bills)







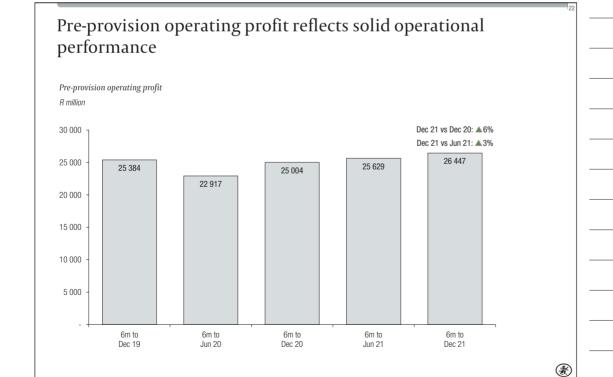
Earnings growth across entire portfolio

NORMALISED EARNINGS

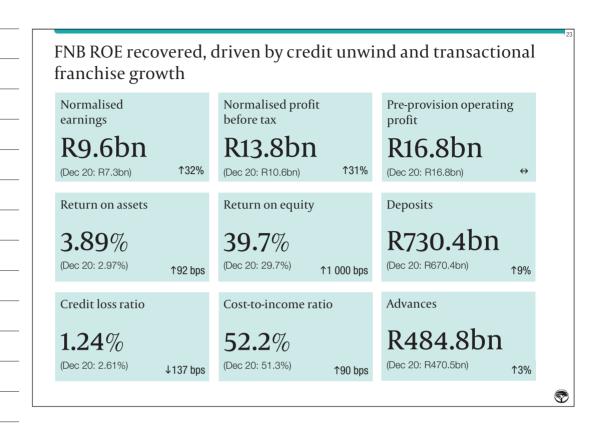
R million	Dec 21	Dec 20	% change
FNB	9 560	7 267	32 🔺
RMB	3 644	3 159	15 🔺
WesBank	782	668	17 🔺
UK operations*	1 506	1 043	44 🔺
Centre**	250	(1 095)	>100 🔺
Total group	15 742	11 042	43 🔺

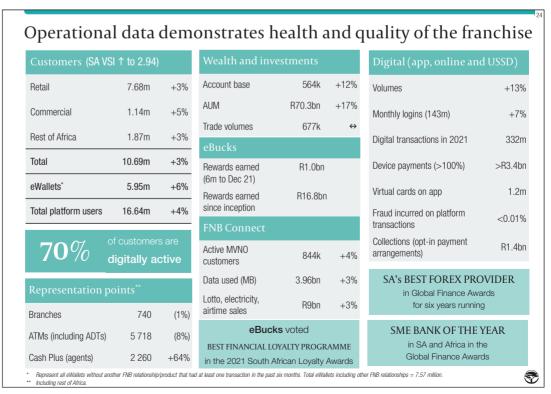
* UK operations normalised earnings increased 48% in pound terms to £74 million (Dec 20: £50 million).





^{**} FCC including Group Treasury.





FNB's insurance businesses continue to scale and are well positioned for growth

- · High claims experience in the first guarter
- Claims paid out since start of pandemic total R4.3 billion
 - Death claims R3.7 billion
 - Retrenchment claims R0.6 billion
- · Best first-half sales since inception, >R1.1 billion in new business APE
- · Strong sales of funeral products
- 4.2 million policies (up 5%)
- · Value of new business increased 66% to R285 million
- EV up 50% to R6.1 billion
- Annualised return on EV 60.0% (Dec 20: 17.7%)

	New business APE	In-force APE
Standalone life products (excl. credit life)	+13%	+14%
Credit life	+46%	+2%
Short-term insurance	+54%	+37%

- Insurance licence granted in July 2018
- 243k in-force policies
- Now offers 12 different short-term insurance products
- Launched buildings and motor comprehensive insurance
- 44% of new FNB home loans insured with FNB Insure

- · R441 million claims paid proactively to date (R107 million in the six months to Dec 21)
- · 47% of retrenchment claims logged on app
- Digital servicing 75% of all customer interactions on app
- 11% of written sum assured incorporates predictive underwriting
- · Rewarded customers with R334 million in eBucks since inception



RMB's performance driven by lower credit provisioning, and trading and investment activities

Normalised earnings

R3.6bn

(Dec 20: R3.2bn) 115% Normalised profit before tax

R5.2bn

(Dec 20: R4.5bn) 115% Pre-provision operating profit

R5.2bn

(Dec 20: R5.3bn)

12%

Return on assets

1.17%

(Dec 20: 0.97%) ↑20 bps Return on equity

20.1%

(Dec 20: 16.3%) 1 ↑ 380 bps **Deposits**

R267.4bn

(Dec 20: R260.3bn) 13%

Credit loss ratio

0.02%

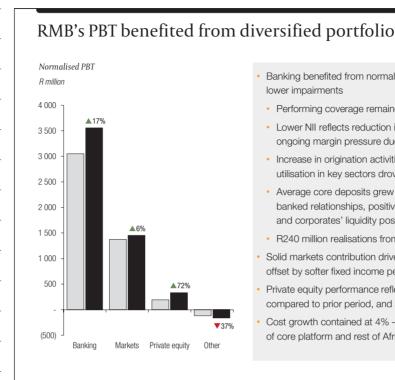
(Dec 20: 0.47%) ↓45 bps Cost-to-income ratio

50.1%

(Dec 20: 48.7%) 140 bps Core advances

R319.7bn

(Dec 20: R300.9bn) ↑ 6%



- Banking benefited from normalisation of credit cycle and lower impairments
- · Performing coverage remained conservative
- · Lower NII reflects reduction in average advances and ongoing margin pressure due to competitive pricing
- · Increase in origination activities and working capital facility utilisation in key sectors drove core advances growth of 6%
- · Average core deposits grew 9%, reflecting new primarybanked relationships, positive impact of commodity cycle and corporates' liquidity positions
- · R240 million realisations from principal investments business
- Solid markets contribution driven by exchange rate volatility, offset by softer fixed income performance
- Private equity performance reflects lower credit provisioning compared to prior period, and annuity income grew 5%
- Cost growth contained at 4% investment into modernisation of core platform and rest of Africa business continues

Challenging and competitive market conditions impacted WesBank's performance Normalised Normalised profit Pre-provision operating before tax profit earnings R1840m R782m R1 106m (Dec 20: R2 096m) (Dec 20: R668m) (Dec 20: R953m) ↓12% 117% 116% Advances Return on assets Return on equity R126.1bn 1.22% 20.2% (Dec 20: 1.01%) (Dec 20: 15.4%) (Dec 20: R128.5bn) ↑21 bps 1480bps 12% Credit loss ratio NPLs as a % of advances Cost-to-income ratio 1.16% 6.28% 54.9% (Dec 20: 9.36%) (Dec 20: 1.76%) (Dec 20: 50.3%) ↓60 bps 1 308 bps 1460 bps ∇

Recovery in rest of Africa ROE reflects credit unwind and growth in customer franchise

Normalised earnings R1 412m

(Dec 20: R919m) 154% Normalised profit before tax

R2 771m

(Dec 20: R1 946m) **142%** Pre-provision operating profit

R3 029m

(Dec 20: R2 558m) **118%**

Return on equity

16.4%

(Dec 20: 10.2%) 1620 bps Cost-to-income ratio

57.3%

(Dec 20: 62.0%) ↓470 bps Credit loss ratio

0.47%

(Dec 20: 1.01%)

↓54 bps

Retail and commercial customers

1.87m

13% (Dec 20: 1.82m)

App penetration*

32.8%

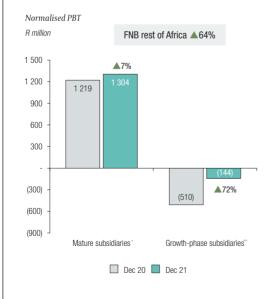
(Dec 20: 24.3%) 1850 bps Cash Plus agents

2 260

(Dec 20: 1 376) **164%**

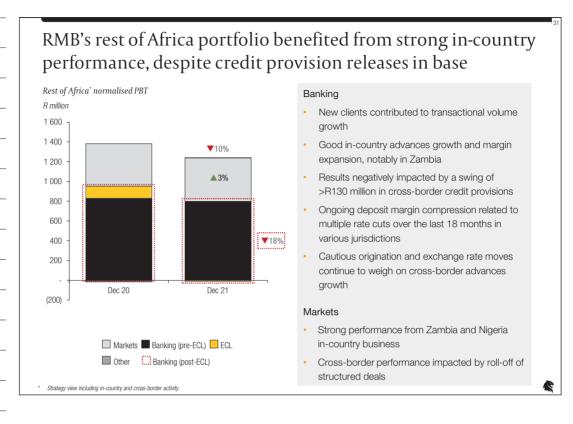
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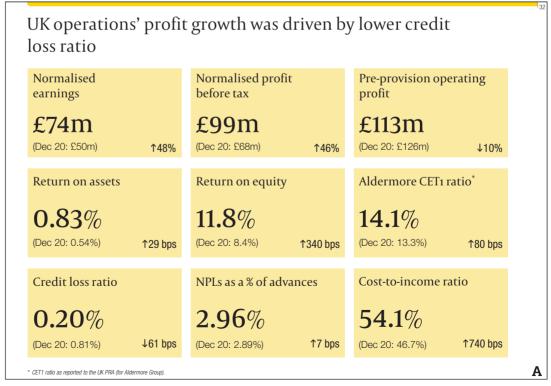
FNB rest of Africa PBT rebounded strongly



- Significant reduction in credit impairments
- Good growth in deposits of 10% driven by ongoing customer acquisition
- Muted advances growth reflects cautious origination approach
- Continued negative endowment impact
- Cost containment was aided by increased digital migration
- Cash Plus continues to scale, adding 492 agents since June 2021 to 2 260 in total
- Mature subsidiaries: Botswana, Namibia, Eswatini (mature subsidiaries' performance shown gross of minority interests).
- Growth-phase subsidiaries; Lesotho, Mozambique, Zambia, Ghana and support (including Tanzania







UK operations delivered a resilient performance

- Reduction in credit loss ratio reflects more positive UK macroeconomic outlook and improved collections and customer management
- Grew deposit franchise with focus on diversifying funding mix
- Origination activity managed to support returns in line with financial resource management strategies
- Margin improved through deposit pricing and mix change
- Ongoing investment in business
- Aldermore continues to maintain strong capital and liquidity positions



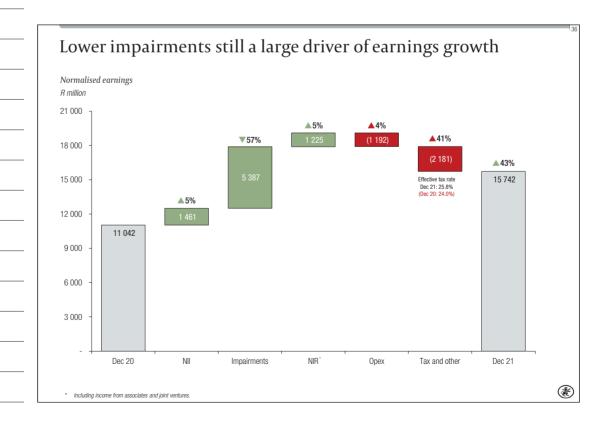
financial

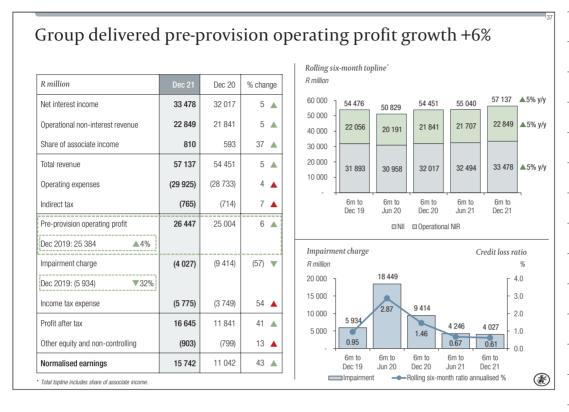
Key performance metrics (normalised)

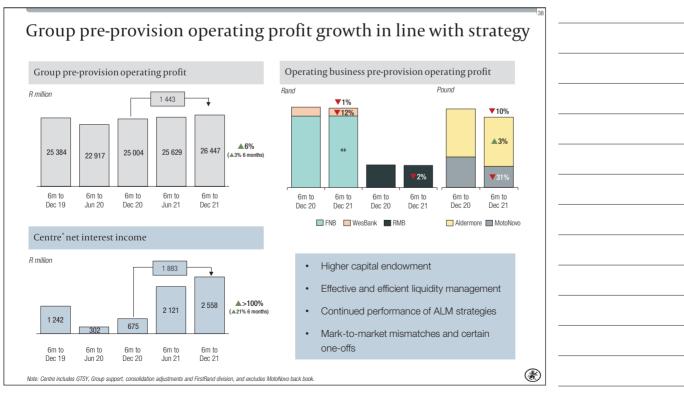
		Dec 21	Dec 20	% ch	nange
Diluted EPS (cents)		280.6	196.8	43	A
Dividend per share (cents)		157	110	43	
Earnings (R million)	Dec 19: 14 009 ▲12%	15 742	11 042	43	A
NIACC* (R million)		4 557	437	>100	
Net asset value per share (c	ents)	2 893.6	2 588.3	12	
Net interest margin (including UK operations) (%)		4.37	4.27	2	
Credit loss ratio (%)		0.61	1.46		•
Credit loss ratio (excluding L	JK operations) (%)	0.73	1.64		\blacksquare
Cost-to-income ratio (%)		52.4	52.8		\blacksquare
Return on equity (%)		20.1	15.6		
Return on assets (%)		1.62	1.14		A
CET1 ratio** (%)		13.6	12.4		

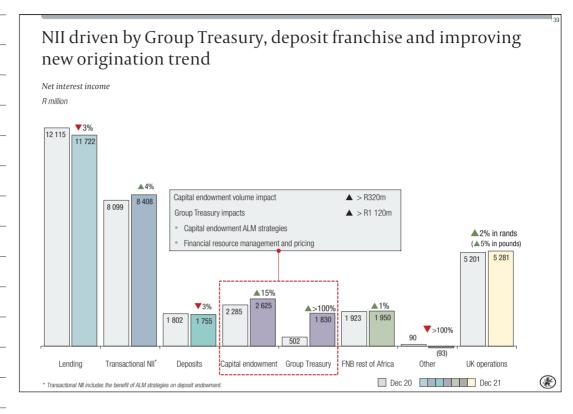
* Defined as net income after cost of capital (economic profit).

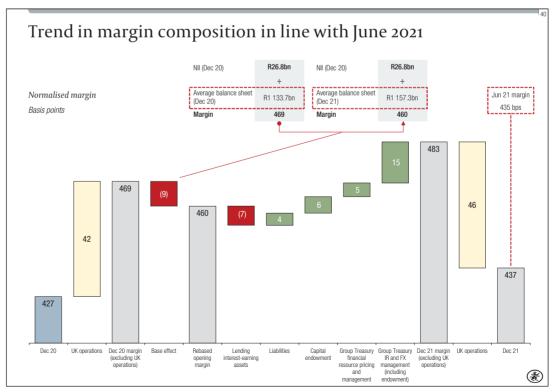
** Includes unappropriated profits.

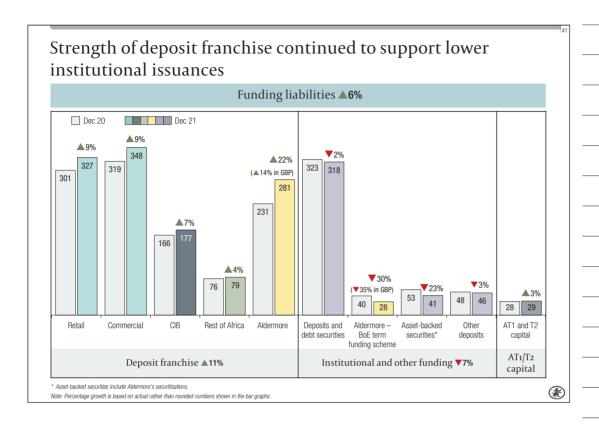


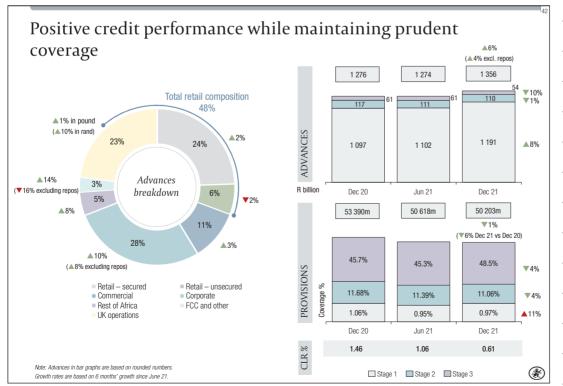


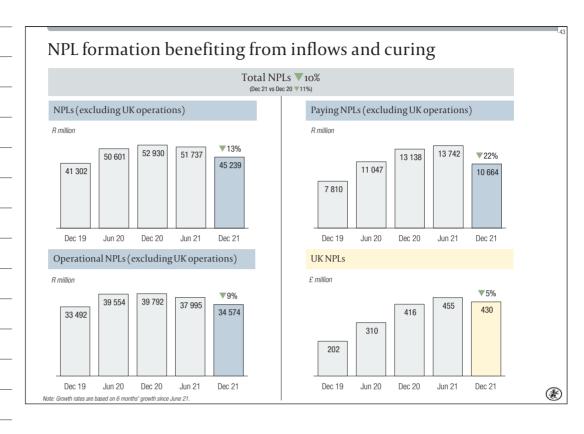


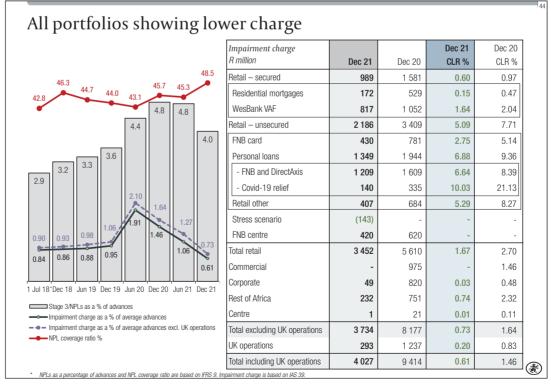


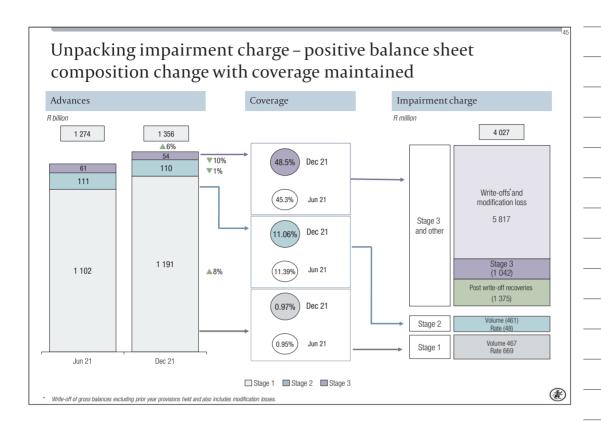


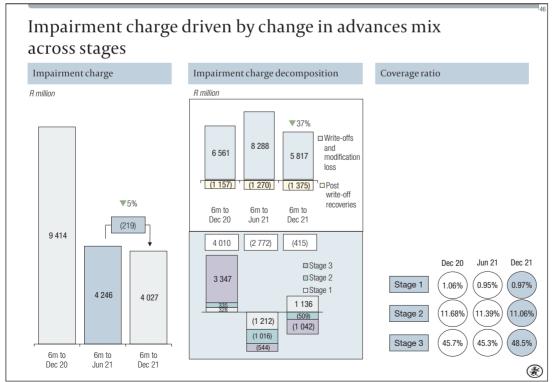


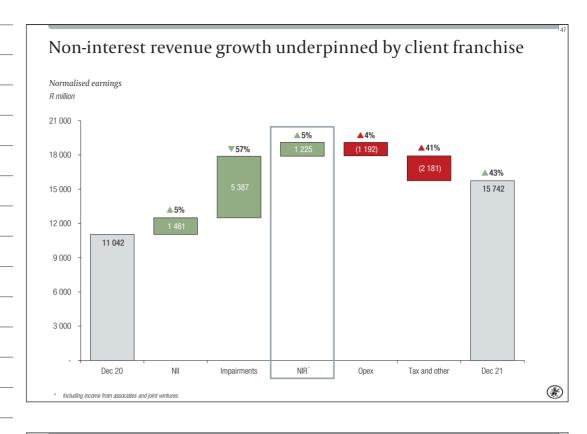


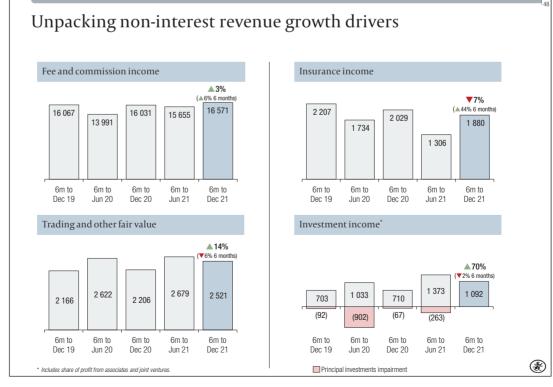


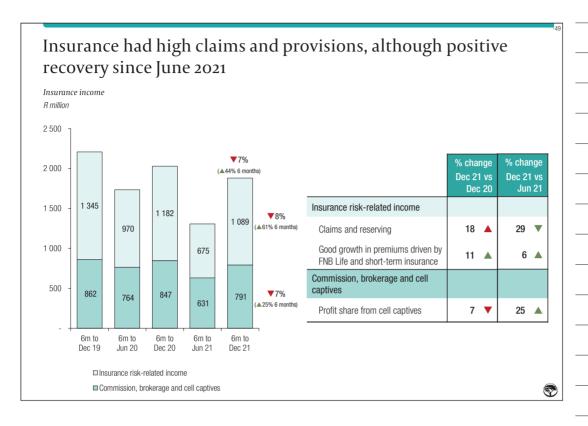


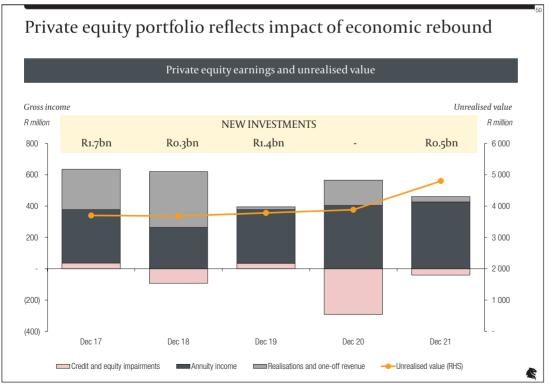


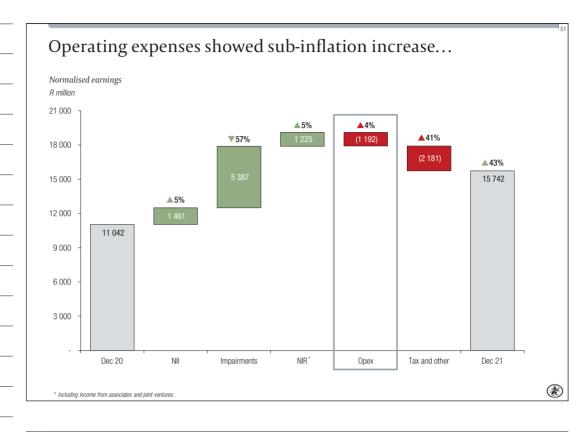


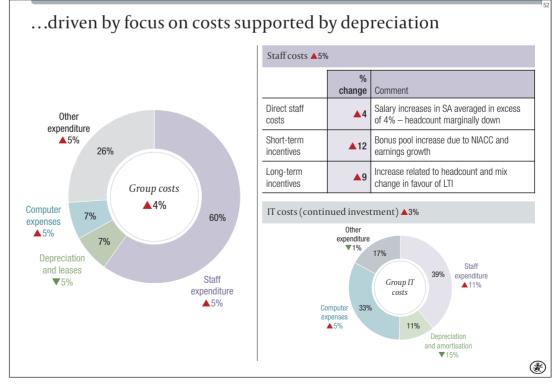


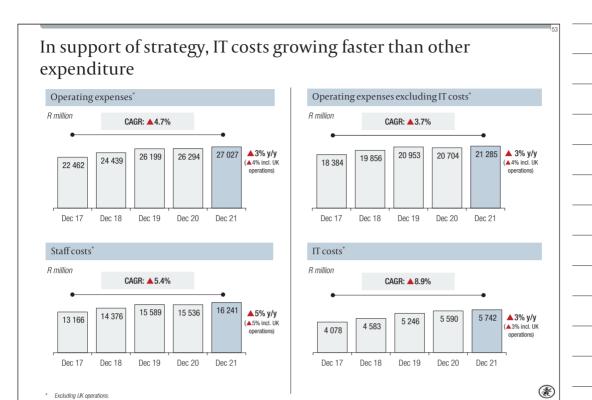








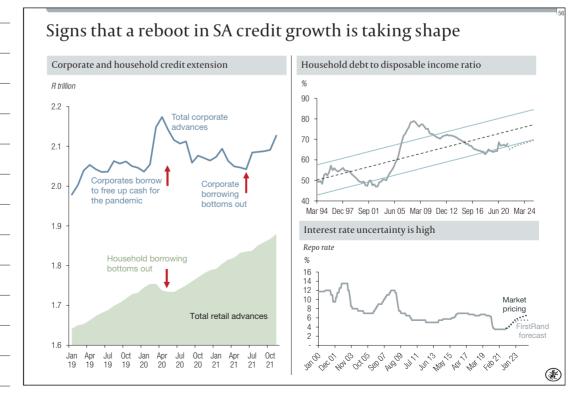




Business has emerged from pandemic in good shape Impairment charge ▼57% Revenue ▲5% Deposit franchise ▲11% · Positive underlying trends supported by the Advances ▲2% (6% reported) improving economic environment and lower risk origination • NII further supported by increased capital balances and lower funding costs · Overall provisioning stock maintained · Additional stress scenario maintained · NIR - resilient growth in fee and commission, and • NPLs ▼11% trading income Dividend ▲43% Operating expenses ▲4% Continued focus on cost containment 157 cents per share • 1.8x cover (56% payout) maintained · Ongoing investment strategies · Strong CET1 position to support growth **E**

Note: Balance sheet growth rates are based on growth since Dec 20.





Looking forward, the group remains well positioned to deliver growth and superior returns

- Advances growth should accelerate as SA credit cycle gains momentum
- Deposit growth anticipated to slow as consumers draw down precautionary savings
- Steady improvement expected in the rest of Africa with continued benefit from commodity cycle
- UK economic rebound expected to be maintained absolute growth in earnings for the full year is now expected to be stronger than previously guided
- ROE expected to remain in the stated range of 18% to 22% for the full year despite capital generation exceeding demand
- Earnings growth for the full year expected to exceed group's long-term target of real growth in earnings (defined as real GDP plus CPI) - benefiting from last tailwinds of pandemic recovery



FirstRand

Group strategic framework presents distinctive investment proposition

FirstRand commits to building a future of SHARED PROSPERITY through enriching the lives of its customers, employees and the societies it serves. This is the foundation to a sustainable future and will preserve the group's enduring promise to create long-term value and superior returns for its shareholders.

DIVERSIFIED PORTFOLIO WITH UNIQUE STRATEGIES:

SOUTH AFRICA

REST OF AFRICA

UK

Platform-enabled integrated financial services providing ecosystems that create long-term value for clients and shareholders

Build competitive advantage and scale to deliver economic profit and dividends Modernise, digitise and scale to a more valuable UK business that delivers economic profit and dividends

Enabled by digital platforms

Disciplined management of financial resources (capital, funding, liquidity and risk capacity) to deliver on financial commitments

Committed, accountable and empowered people key to delivering continued outperformance

Ø.

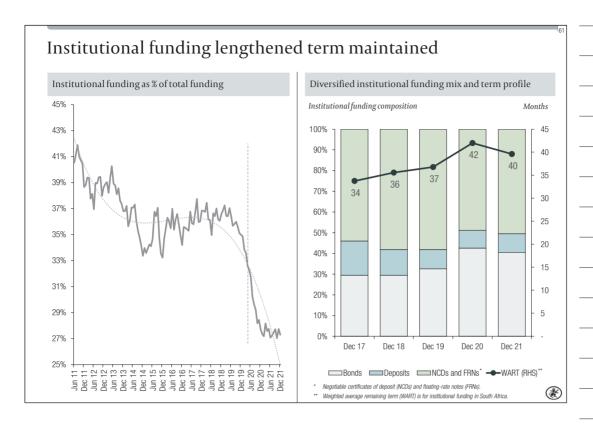
Group has protected its balance sheet

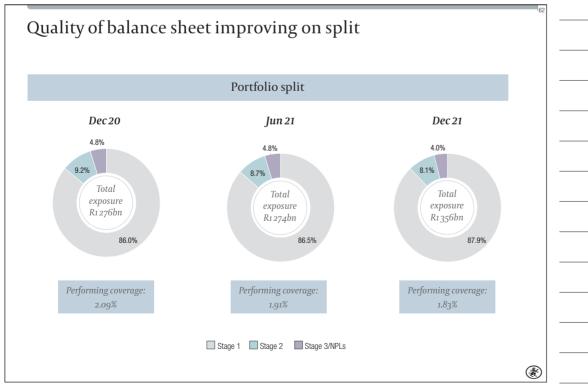
BALANCE SHEET POSITION AND TRENDS

	ACTUAL	TREND
Assets in marketable format	>R547 billion	Improved
Liquid assets as % total assets	27.5%*	Improved
LCR and NSFR	LCR: 118% (group), 124% (bank) NSFR: 125% (group), 121% (bank)	The group entered Covid-19 in a strong liquidity position, which has been maintained – ratios eased marginally but remain well above regulatory minimums
Credit quality of assets	BB-/B+	Stable
Institutional funding term**	40 months	Marginally lower due to increased floating-rate note and NCD issuance (primarily 12-month maturities)
Deposit franchise**	73% core deposit funding	Funding strategy favours client deposits creating an improved liquidity risk profile
RWA risk density	55.9%	Increased – function of asset mix and optimisation
CET1 ratio	13.6% (group), 14.1% (bank)	Improved – well above internal target range
Standalone bank credit rating	Highest in SA	Maintained

- Reflects internal economic view.
- ** For South African operations only



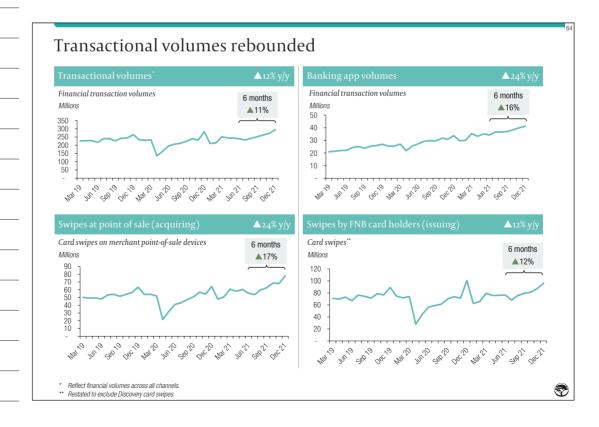


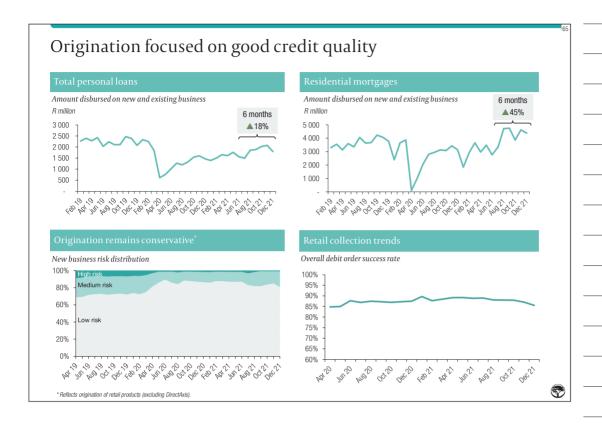


Aldermore acquisition: value-accretive in pound and rand terms

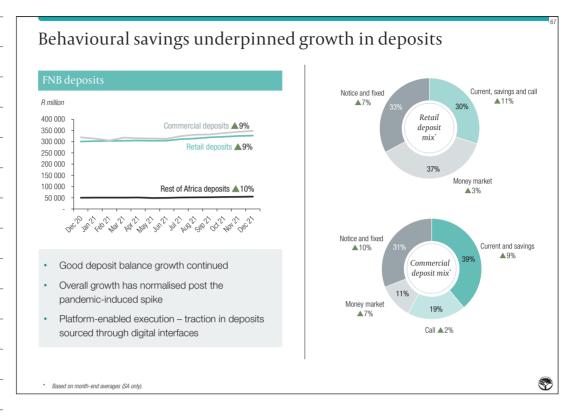
	£ million	R million (rand equivalent)
Investment at acquisition (March 2018) @ spot rate (£1 = R16.68)	1 098	18 311
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the three months ended 30 June 2018	16	
June 2018 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R18.18)	1 114	20 253
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2019	95	
June 2019 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R17.98)	1 209	21 738
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2020	52	
June 2020 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R21.43)	1 261	27 023
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2021	85	
June 2021 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R19.72)	1 346	26 543
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the six months to 31 December 2021	57	
December 2021 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R21.47)	1 403	30 122
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo return on investment over 45 months	27.8%	64.5%
Compound annual growth rate (CAGR)	6.8%	14.2%

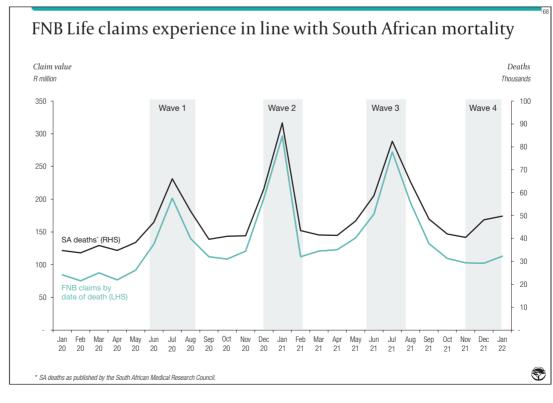
FirstRand excess capital could have been invested at 3-month JIBAR: 7.11% (FY18), 7.06% (FY19), 6.51% (FY20), 3.64% (FY21) and 3.69% (1H22)



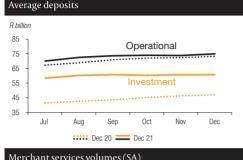


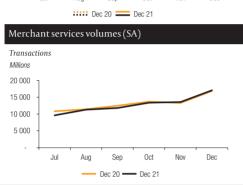


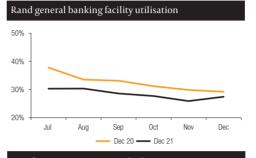


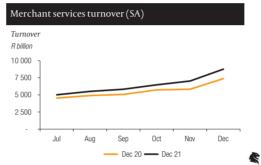


C&I robust deposit growth with continued pressure on merchant services volumes Average deposits

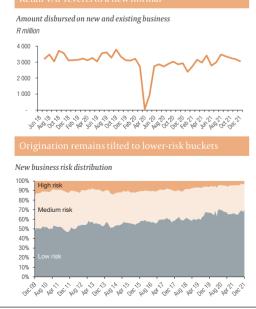




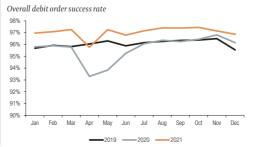




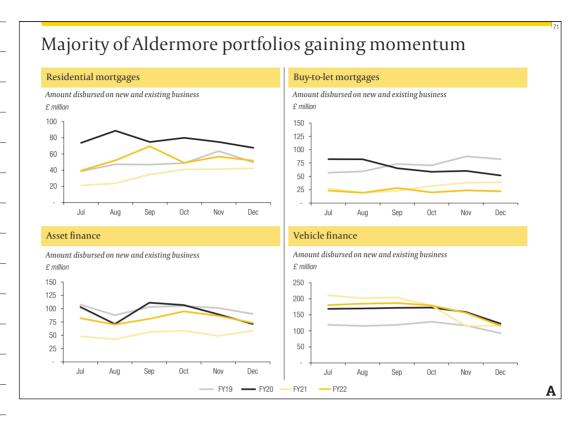
WesBank's production levels reflect continued disciplined origination strategies

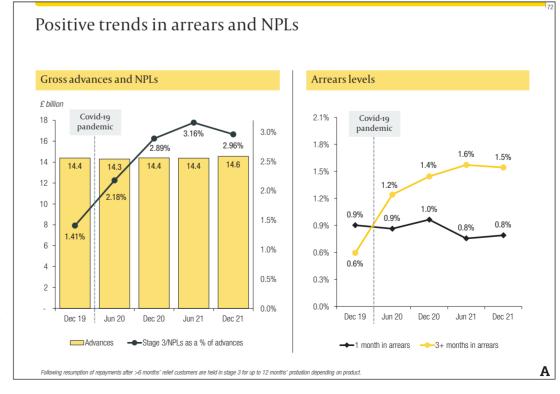


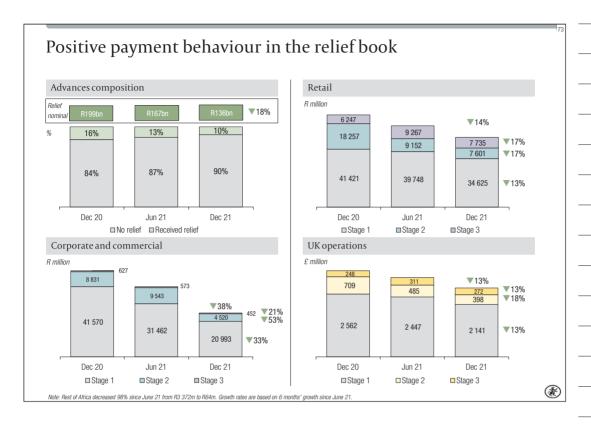


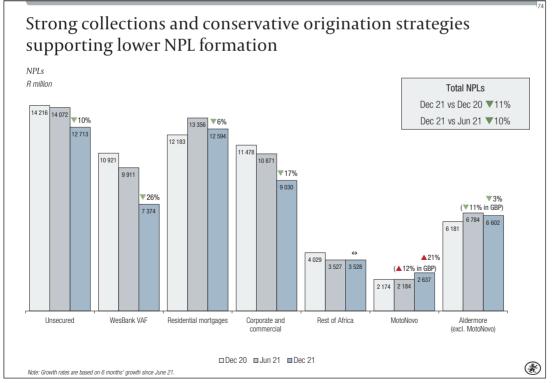


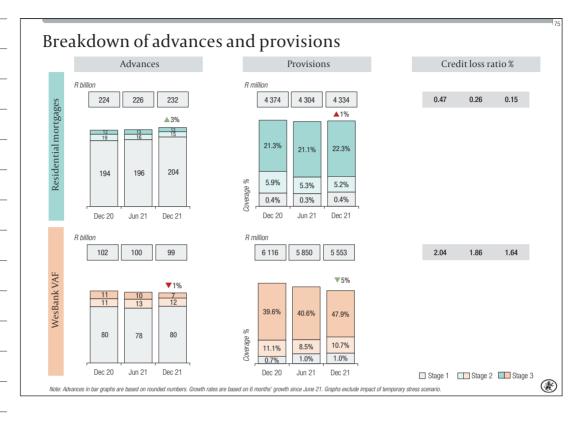
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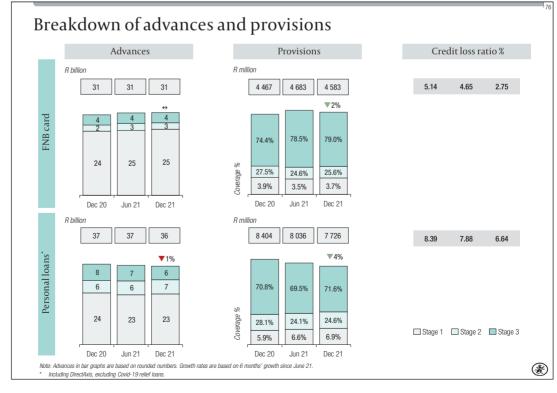


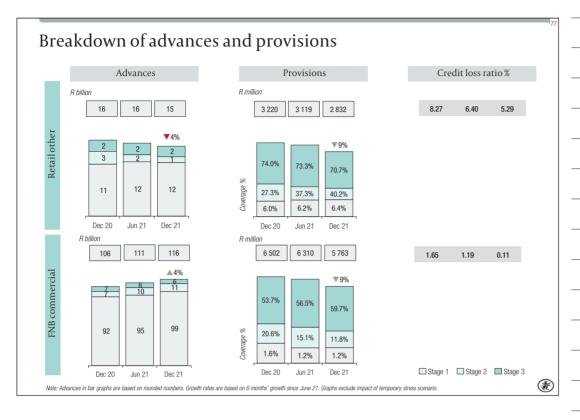


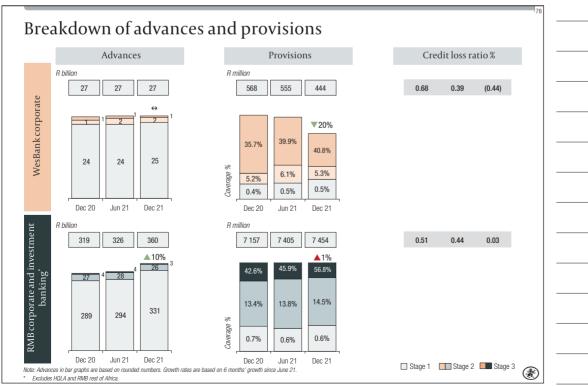


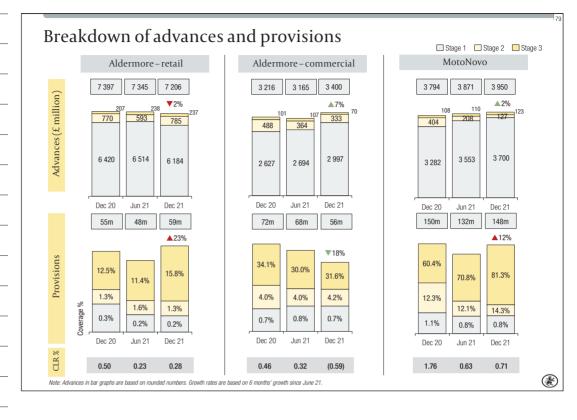


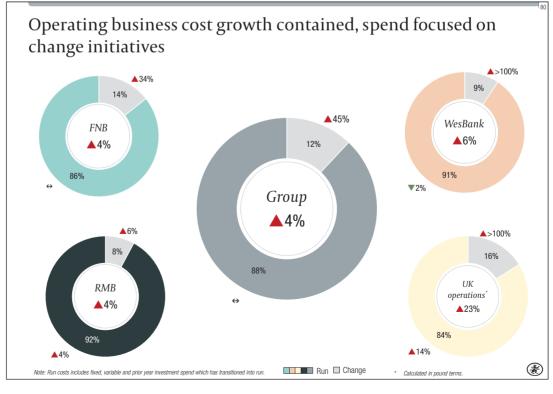




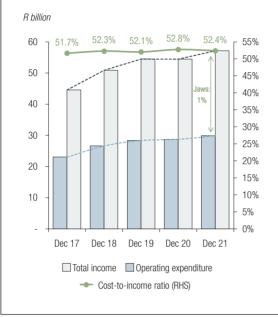








Sub-inflation cost growth supports cost-to-income ratio reduction and positive jaws



Costs increased 4%

- 5% increase in staff cost
- Continued investment in new initiatives, technology and platforms through the income statement

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