



results
presentation

.....

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022



FirstRand

overview of results

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Attractive growth in earnings and superior returns

Normalised
earnings

R18.0bn

(Dec 21: R15.7bn) **↑15%**

Deposit
franchise

R1 355bn

(Dec 21: R1 212bn) **↑12%**

Interim dividend
per share

189 cents

(Dec 21: 157 cents) **↑20%**

Return on assets

1.74%

(Dec 21: 1.64%) **↑10 bps**

Return on equity

21.8%

(Dec 21: 20.1%) **↑170 bps**

Net asset value

R166.4bn

(Dec 21: R162.3bn) **↑2%**

Credit loss ratio*

0.74%

(Dec 21: 0.65%) **↑9 bps**

Cost-to-income ratio

50.7%

(Dec 21: 52.4%) **↓170 bps**

CET1 ratio

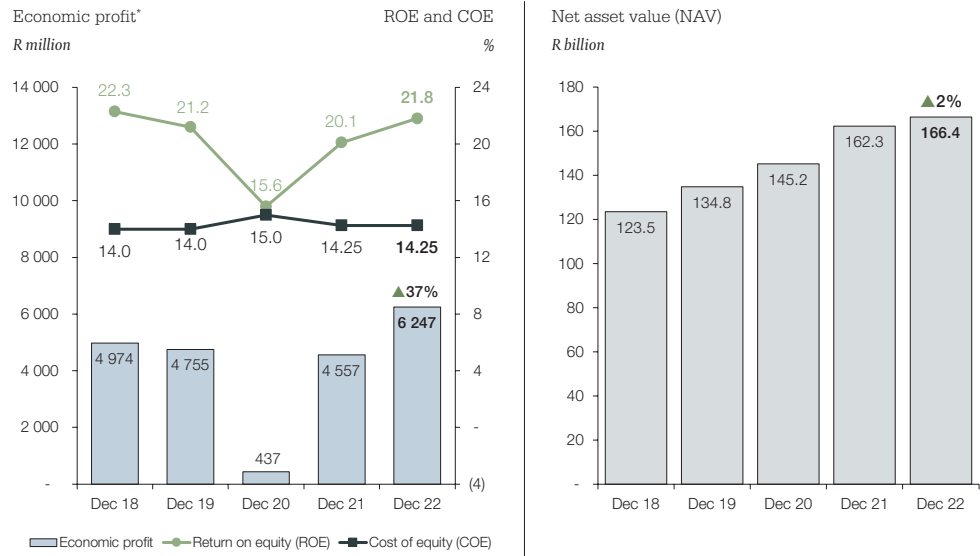
13.2%

(Dec 21: 13.6%) **↓40 bps**

* As a percentage of core lending advances.



Earnings growth and capital optimisation delivered strong economic profit generation



* Defined as net income after cost of capital (NIACC).

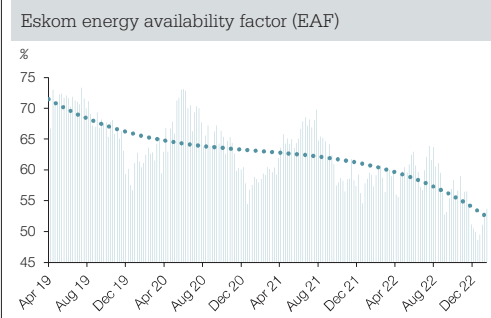
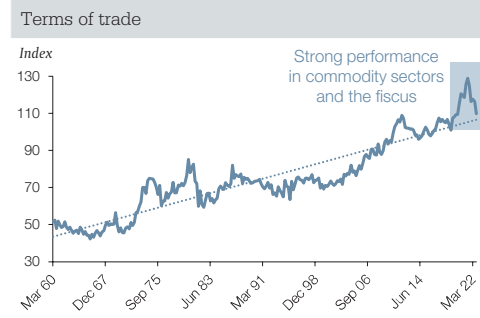
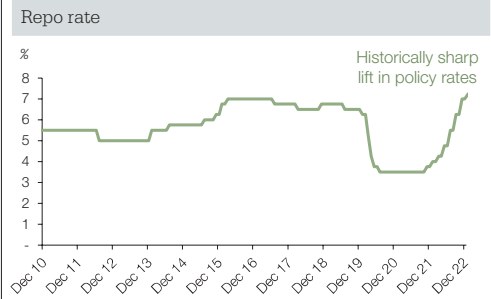
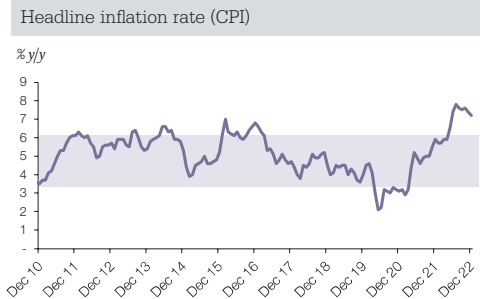


Positive outcomes for shareholders

- **Attractive growth in earnings** and **superior ROE** at the top end of the target range
- **Topline** driven by ongoing **new business origination** and **strong NIR growth** (NIR up 14% excluding the impact of the Ghana debt exposure)
- **Quality and composition of earnings** are outcomes of strategies to maximise shareholder value
 - Grow **transactional franchise** (growth in customers and volumes)
 - Focus on **deposit franchise** (up R143 billion, +12%)
 - **Judicious** and **tactical** approach to **lending**
- **Credit performance better than expected** – outcome of origination tilt emerging
- **Cost momentum too high**, remains a focus area for management

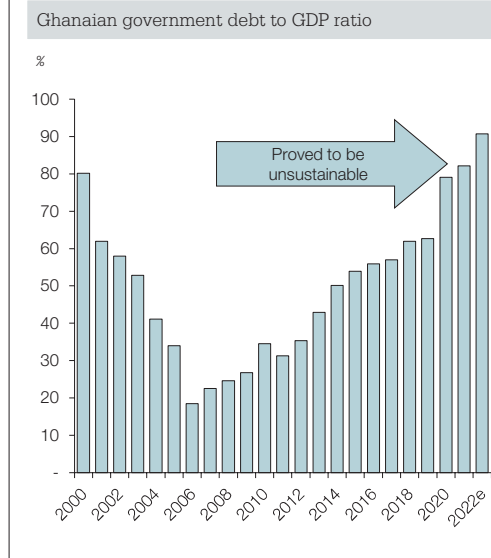
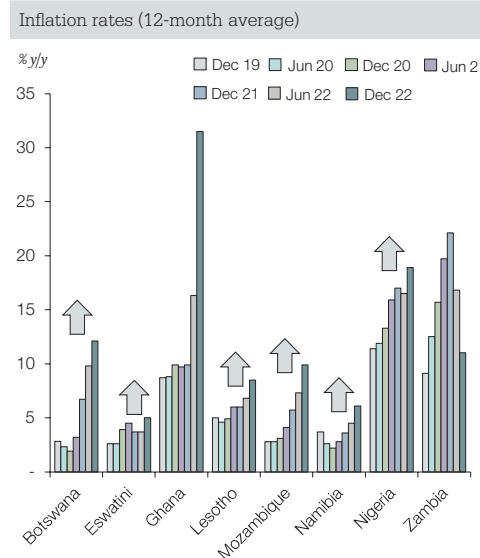


SA macros offered few tailwinds



Sources: StatsSA, SARB, Eskom, FirstRand.

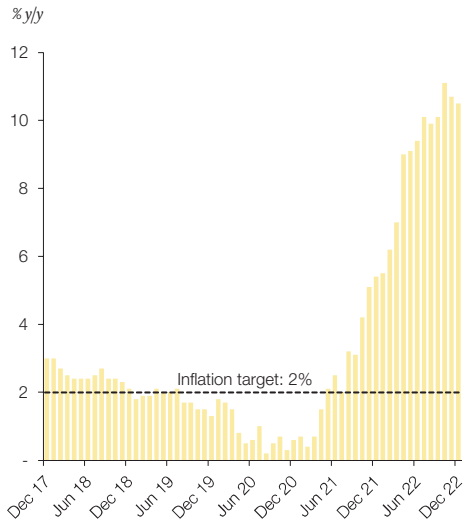
Tighter global financial conditions weighed on fiscally fragile countries in the broader Africa portfolio



Sources: IMF, FirstRand.

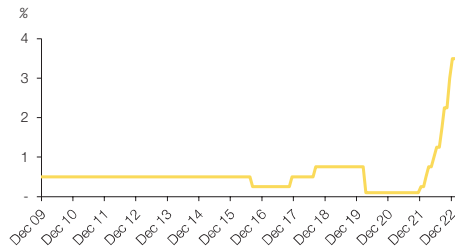
In the UK, a strong labour market provided partial relief against cost-of-living pressures

UK inflation rate



Sources: Bloomberg, FirstRand.

Bank of England (BoE) policy rate



Unemployment rate and average earnings growth



A

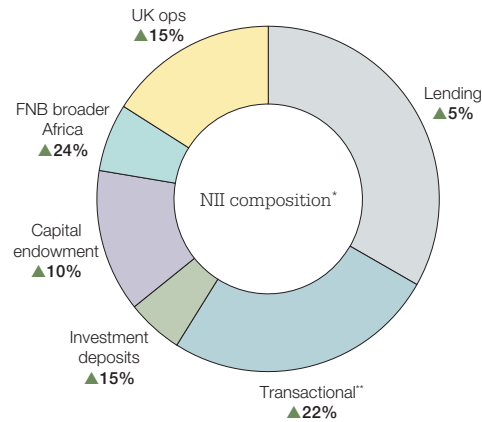


FirstRand

unpacking performance against strategy

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Relative balance between capital-light and lending NII



NII up 13%:

- Deposit franchise grew 12%
- Healthy advances growth of 11%
- Retail advances margin reflects origination approach, CIB front book margins remain tight
- Positive endowment benefit
- Continued benefit from ALM strategies

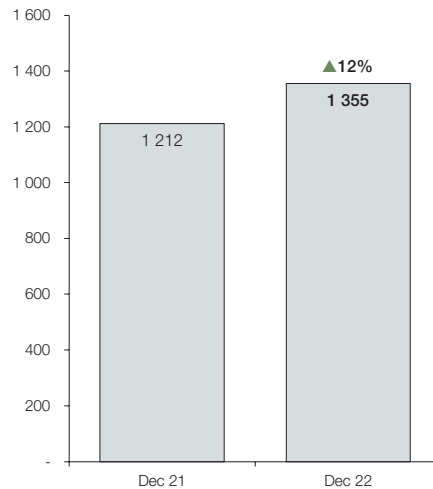
* Excluding Group Treasury, Centre and other NII.

** Includes NII related to credit cards, overdrafts and transactional deposit products, and deposit endowment.



Continued outperformance from the deposit franchise...

Deposit franchise
R billion



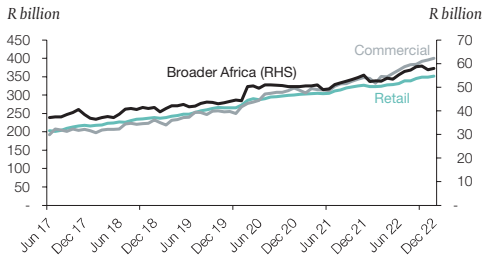
- Continued market share gains
- Cash investment and transactional product inflows
- FNB remained the top household deposit franchise in SA by market share*
- Bank's institutional funding moderated to 26.9% of total funding (Dec 21: 27.3%)
- Liquidity buffers grew, with investments in treasury bills and government bonds

* Source: December 2022 BA900 returns.



...underpinned by client acquisition and product innovation

FNB deposit franchise



FNB DEPOSIT GROWTH TRENDS

%	Period-on-period growth	5-year CAGR
Retail	8	10
Commercial	15	14
Broader Africa	5	9

RMB deposit franchise

- Average deposits grew 15%
- Strategy to grow operational balances and primary banking relationships
- Continued momentum in investment deposit products

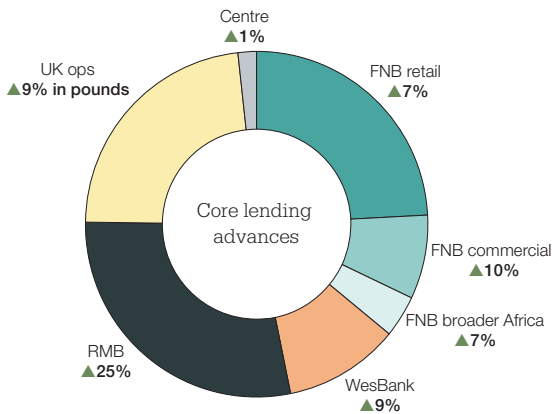
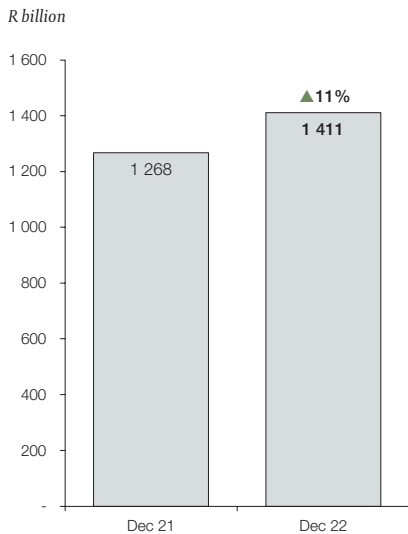
Aldermore deposit franchise

- Customer savings grew 16% to £15.2 billion
- Now represent 81% of total liabilities (Dec 21: 79%)
- Personal savings now exceed £10 billion
- Competitively priced and award-winning products

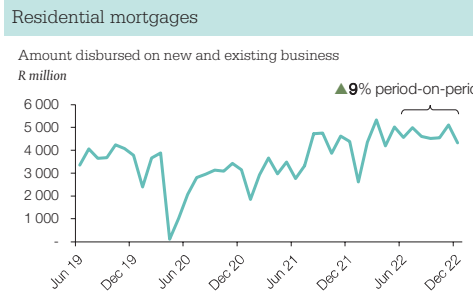
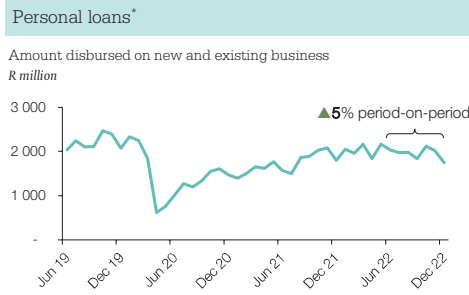
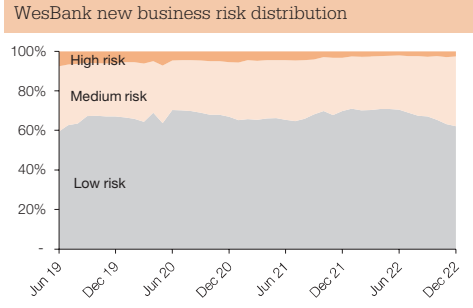
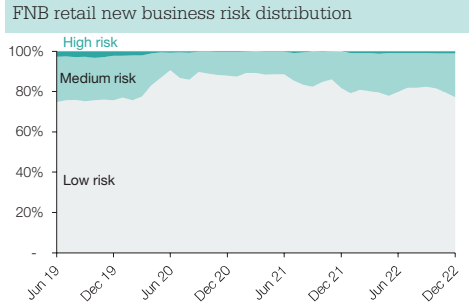


Healthy advances growth across all portfolios

Core lending advances



Retail lending remains focused on low and medium risk



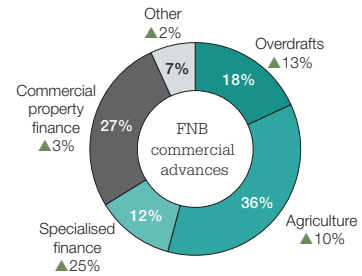
* Exclude revolving facilities.



Sector-specific origination in both commercial and corporate

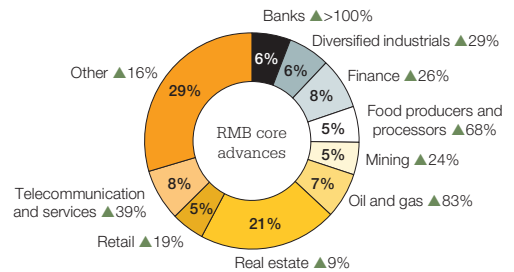
FNB commercial advances +10%

- Consistent origination strategy
- Deployed balance sheet into sectors showing above-cycle growth and expected to perform well even in high inflation and interest rate environment



RMB core advances +25%

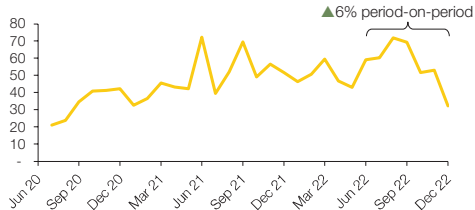
- Sustained new business origination in investment banking
- Tilted to low- and medium-volatility sectors
- In higher-volatility industries, origination focused on better-rated counterparties



New business picked up in Q1 in all UK lending portfolios

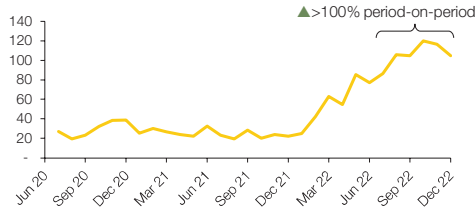
Residential mortgages

Amount disbursed on new and existing business
£ million



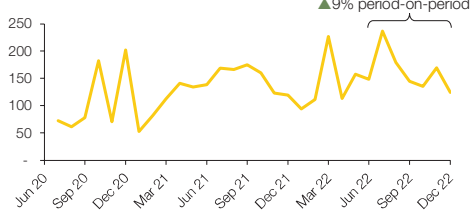
Buy-to-let mortgages

Amount disbursed on new and existing business
£ million



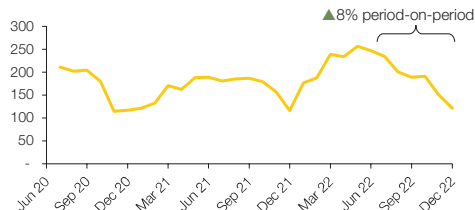
Business finance

Amount disbursed on new and existing business
£ million



MotoNovo

Amount disbursed on new and existing business
£ million

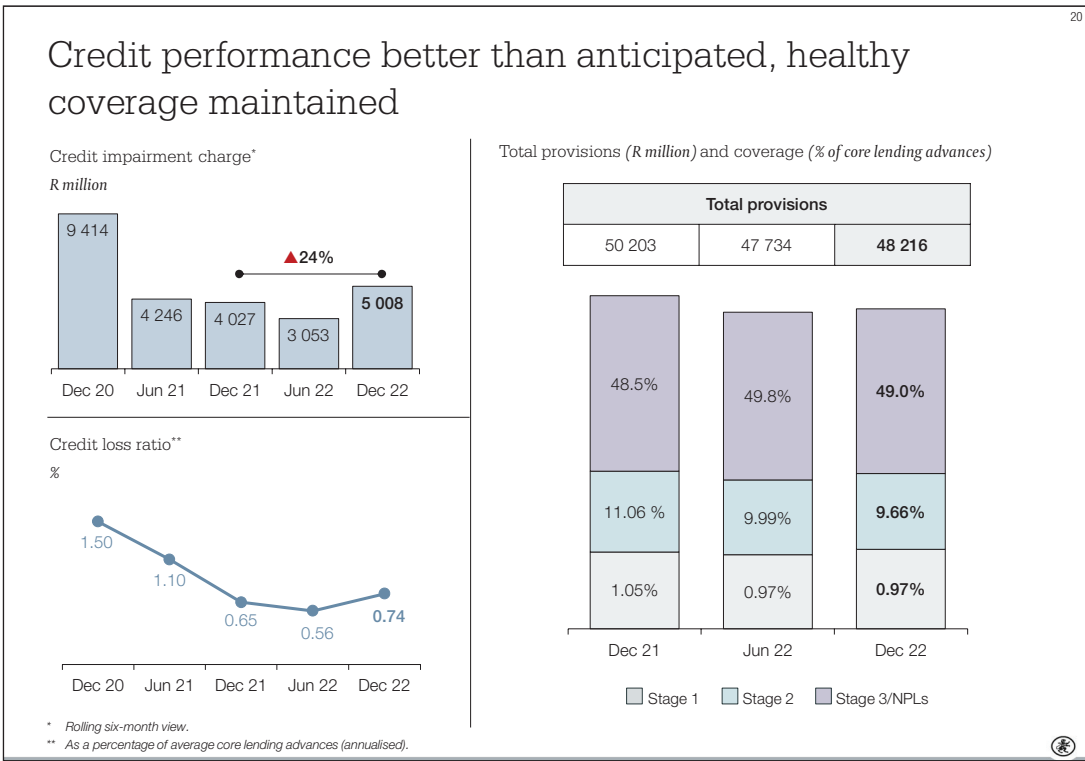
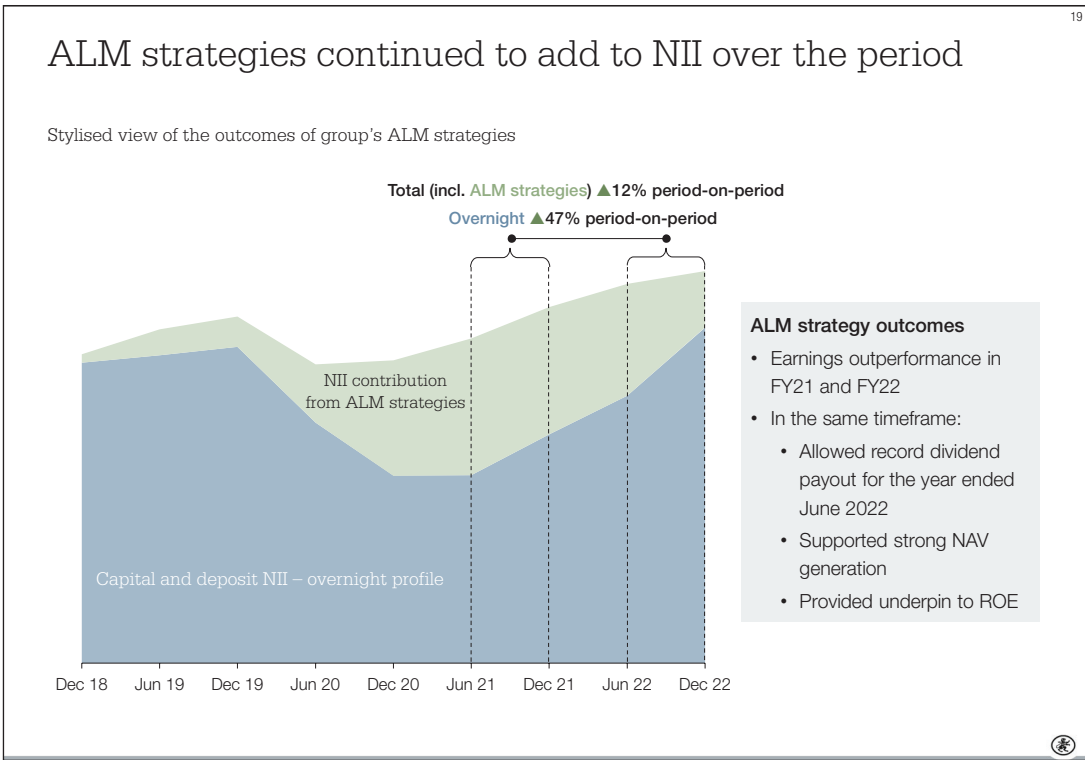


A

Aldermore's response to UK market volatility

- UK mini budget had significant impact on the mortgage market
 - Product availability fell c. 30% and mortgage rates spiked
 - Market pricing increased c. 200 bps compared to pre-mini budget
- Aldermore actions:
 - Focused on maintaining strong funding position
 - Immediately pulled certain products (e.g. fixed-rate)
 - In line with market, Aldermore withdrew retail mortgage product range on 28 September, returning to market with limited offering on 12 October
 - Some key products remain unavailable, e.g. >75% LTV on buy-to-let and >90% LTV on owner occupied
 - Materially reduced lending on other product lines
 - Focused on protecting margins in pipeline business
- Specialist buy-to-let, business finance and MotoNovo delivered resilient operational performances

A

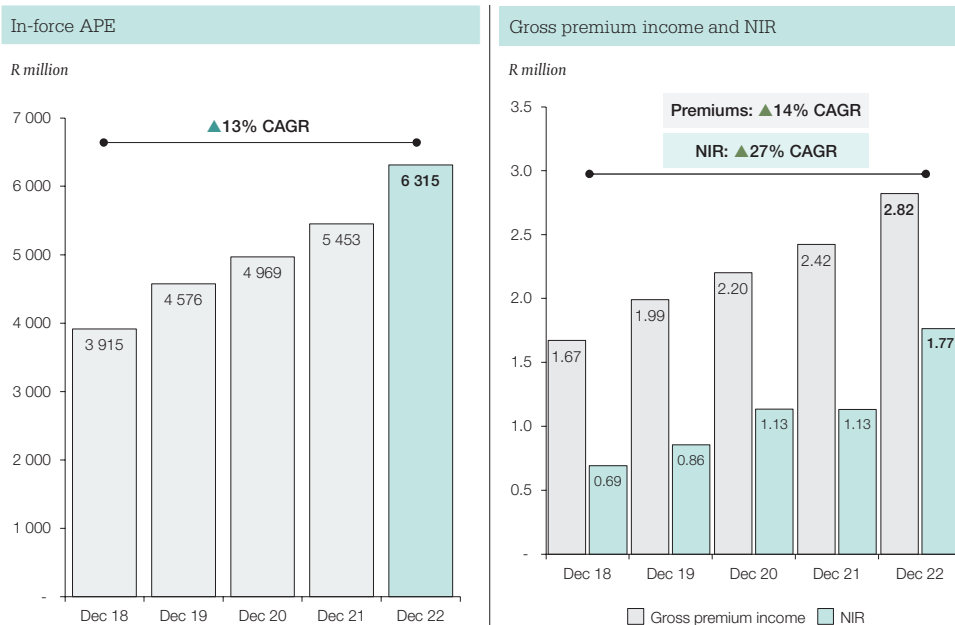


FNB customer franchise delivered strong underpin to group NIR growth

- **FNB NIR increased 13%**
 - **Active customers +5%** to 11.22 million, **SA VSI** at **2.94** (Dec 21: 2.94)
 - Transactional **volumes +15%**
 - Despite **fee reductions** of R213 million
 - **Insurance** income **+31%**
 - Solid growth across all insurance books
 - Good premium growth and 19% reduction in claims
 - **Life**
 - Premiums +16%, new business APE +22%
 - **Short-term insurance**
 - Premiums: R299m (+>100%), new business APE: R384m (+>100%)



Successful NIR diversification – life insurance

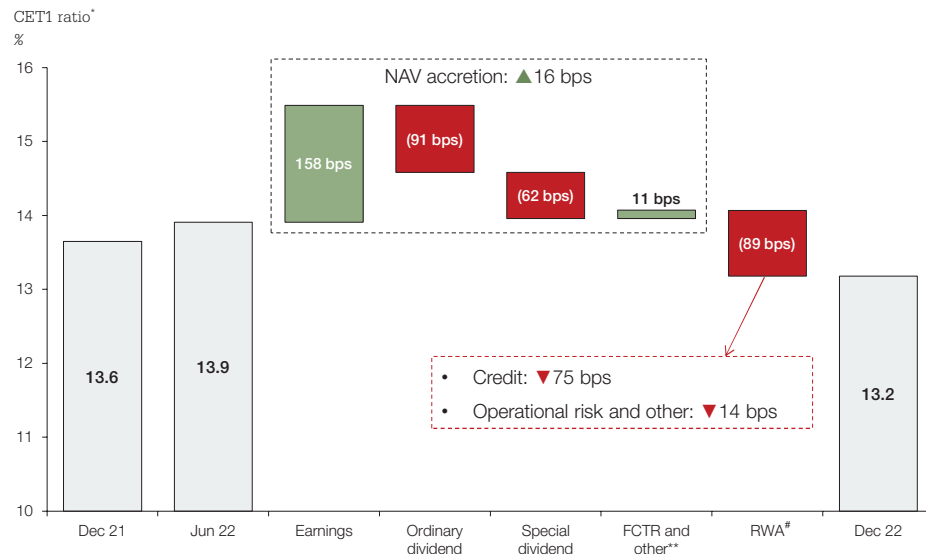


Investment banking and private equity drove RMB's NIR growth

- **RMB NIR increased 14%**
- **Private equity**
 - Significant realisation coupled with strong gross annuity income growth
- **Investment banking**
 - Robust structuring and commitment fee income growth on the back of origination activities
 - Strong advisory income
- **Markets**
 - Benefited from asset class and geographical diversification
 - Performance reflects an increase in client activities in its broader Africa portfolios, offset by significant shifts in market dynamics and reduced client flows domestically

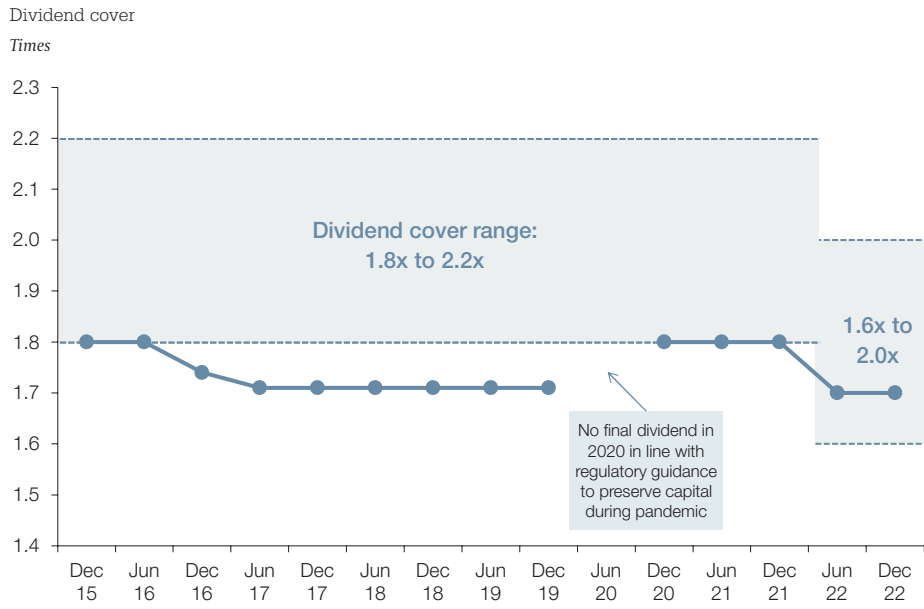


Return profile and capital management strategies result in healthy CET1



25

Dividend cover maintained at 1.7 times



FirstRand

operating business highlights

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022



Portfolio performance reflects quality of customer-facing businesses

NORMALISED EARNINGS

<i>R million</i>	Dec 22	Dec 21	% change
FNB	11 077	9 469	17 ▲
WesBank	929	873	6 ▲
RMB	4 677	3 644	28 ▲
UK operations	1 607	1 506	7 ▲
UK operations (£ million)	79	74	7 ▲
Centre*	(243)	250	(>100) ▼
Total group	18 047	15 742	15 ▲

* Includes Group Treasury and other equity instrument holders.



FNB delivered against all key performance metrics

Normalised earnings R11.1bn (Dec 21: R9.5bn) ↑17%	Normalised profit before tax R15.9bn (Dec 21: R13.7bn) ↑16%	Deposits R810.9bn (Dec 21: R730.4bn) ↑11%
Return on assets 4.29% (Dec 21: 3.96%) ↑33 bps	Return on equity 42.9% (Dec 21: 40.0%) ↑290 bps	Advances R507.1bn (Dec 21: R470bn) ↑18%
Credit loss ratio 1.28% (Dec 21: 1.26%) ↑2 bps	Cost-to-income ratio 51.4% (Dec 21: 52.2%) ↓80 bps	Active customers 11.22m (Dec 21: 10.69m) ↑15%



WesBank sees recovery in new business origination, costs well controlled

Normalised earnings

R929m

(Dec 21: R873m) **↑16%**

Normalised profit before tax

R1 278m

(Dec 21: R1 232m) **↑14%**

FNB main-banked customers as % of base

63%

(Dec 21: 61%) **↑200 bps**

Return on assets

1.24%

(Dec 21: 1.22%) **↑2 bps**

Return on equity

21.0%

(Dec 21: 20.5%) **↑50 bps**

Advances

R153.6bn

(Dec 21: R140.8bn) **↑19%**

NPLs as a % of advances

4.28%

(Dec 21: 5.96%) **↓168 bps**

Credit loss ratio

1.01%

(Dec 21: 1.08%) **↓7 bps**

Cost-to-income ratio

52.9%

(Dec 21: 54.3%) **↓140 bps**



RMB's performance benefited from diversified portfolio

Normalised earnings

R4.7bn

(Dec 21: R3.6bn) **↑28%**

Normalised profit before tax

R6.5bn

(Dec 21: R5.2bn) **↑25%**

Deposits

R318.7bn

(Dec 21: R267.4bn) **↑19%**

Return on assets

1.42%

(Dec 21: 1.17%) **↑25 bps**

Return on equity

22.4%

(Dec 21: 20.1%) **↑230 bps**

Core lending advances

R400.2bn

(Dec 21: R319.7bn) **↑25%**

Credit loss ratio*

0.01%

(Dec 21: 0.02%) **↓1 bps**

Cost-to-income ratio

47.8%

(Dec 21: 50.1%) **↓230 bps**

Primary-banked relationships

924

(Dec 21: 869) **↑16%**

* As a percentage of core lending advances.



Good operational performance from broader Africa portfolio, partly offset by Ghana sovereign default

Normalised earnings

R1 481m

(Dec 21: R1 412m) **↑15%**

Normalised profit before tax

R3 111m

(Dec 21: R2 771m) **↑12%**

Deposit franchise

R84.3bn

(Dec 21: R79bn) **↑7%**

Return on equity

15.2%

(Dec 21: 16.4%) **↓120 bps**

Cost-to-income ratio

55.1%

(Dec 21: 57.3%) **↓220 bps**

Credit loss ratio*

0.72%

(Dec 21: 0.47%) **↑25 bps**

Retail and commercial customers

1.98m

(Dec 21: 1.87m) **↑6%**

App penetration**

40.3%

(Dec 21: 32.8%) **↑750 bps**

CashPlus agents

3 071

(Dec 21: 2 260) **↑36%**

* As a percentage of core lending advances.

** Registered app users (with an active account) as a percentage of the total active customer base.



Resilient UK performance in a challenging market

Normalised earnings

£79m

(Dec 21: £74m) **↑7%**

Normalised profit before tax

£110m

(Dec 21: £99m) **↑11%**

Net interest margin

3.06%

(Dec 21: 2.88%) **↑18 bps**

Return on assets

0.81%

(Dec 21: 0.83%) **↓2 bps**

Return on equity

11.9%

(Dec 21: 11.8%) **↑10 bps**

NPLs as a % of advances

2.66%

(Dec 21: 2.96%) **↓30 bps**

Credit loss ratio

0.67%

(Dec 21: 0.20%) **↑47 bps**

Cost-to-income ratio

46.5%

(Dec 21: 54.1%) **↓760 bps**

Advances

£15 893m

(Dec 21: £14 556m) **↑9%**





FirstRand

financial review

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

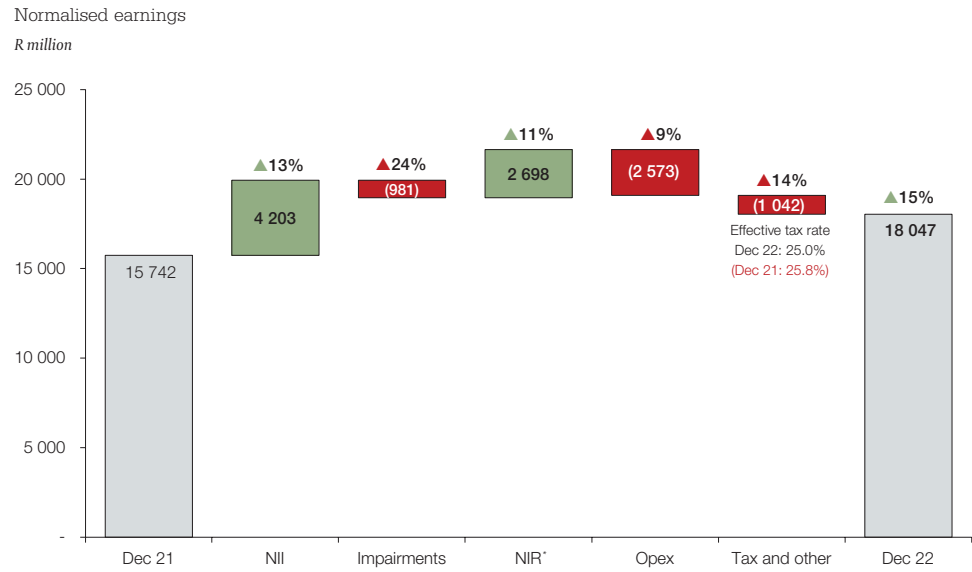
Key performance metrics – normalised

	Dec 22	Dec 21	% change
Earnings (R million)	18 047	15 742	15 ▲
Diluted/basic EPS (cents)	321.7	280.6	15 ▲
Dividend per share (cents)	189.0	157.0	20 ▲
NIACC (R million)	6 247	4 557	37 ▲
Net asset value per share (cents)	2 965.7	2 893.6	2 ▲
Net interest margin (including UK operations) (%)	4.38	4.37	▲
Credit loss ratio (%)	0.74	0.65	▲
Cost-to-income ratio (%)	50.7	52.4	▼
Return on assets (%)	1.74	1.64	▲
Return on equity (%)	21.8	20.1	▲
CET1 ratio* (%)	13.2	13.6	▼
Stage 3/NPL as a % of core lending advances	3.59	4.30	▼
Gross advances – core lending advances (R billion)	1 411	1 268	11 ▲
Deposits (R billion)	1 793	1 645	9 ▲

* Includes unappropriated profits.



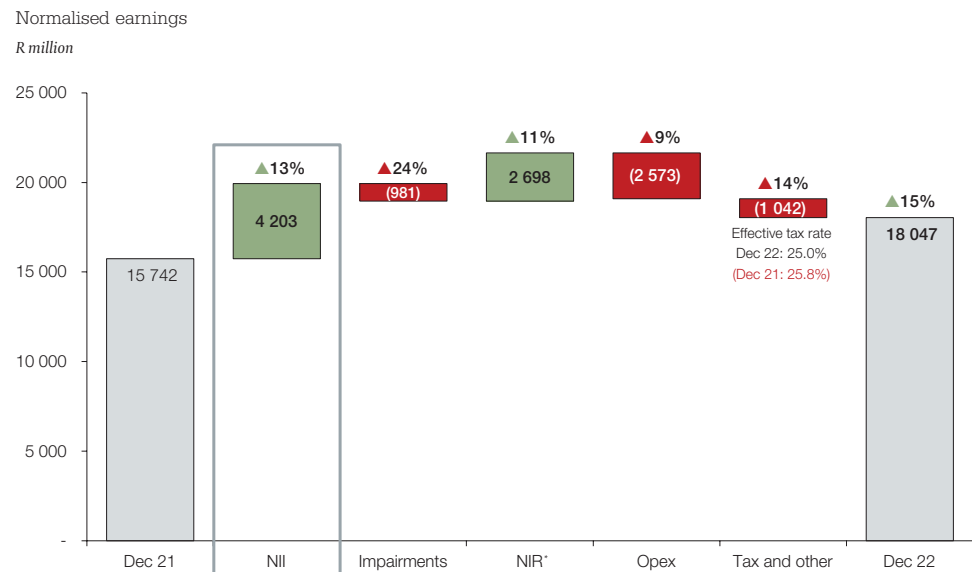
Strong topline more than offset costs and impairments to deliver 15% earnings growth



* Includes share of profit from associates and joint ventures after tax.

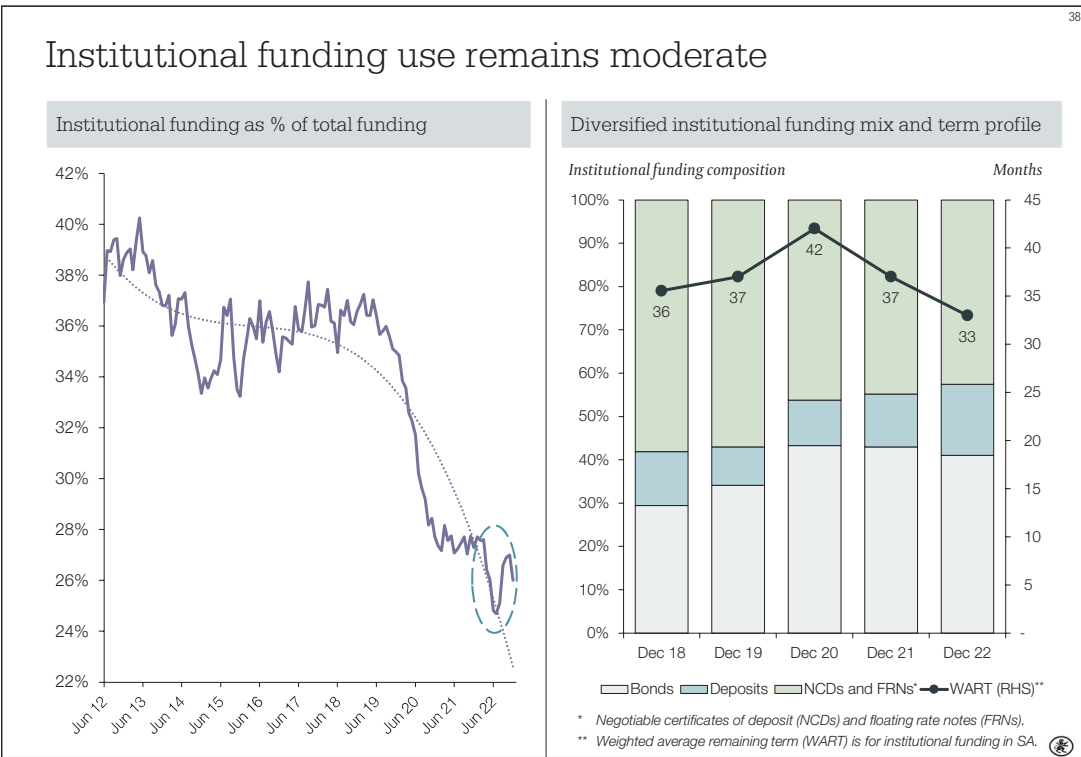
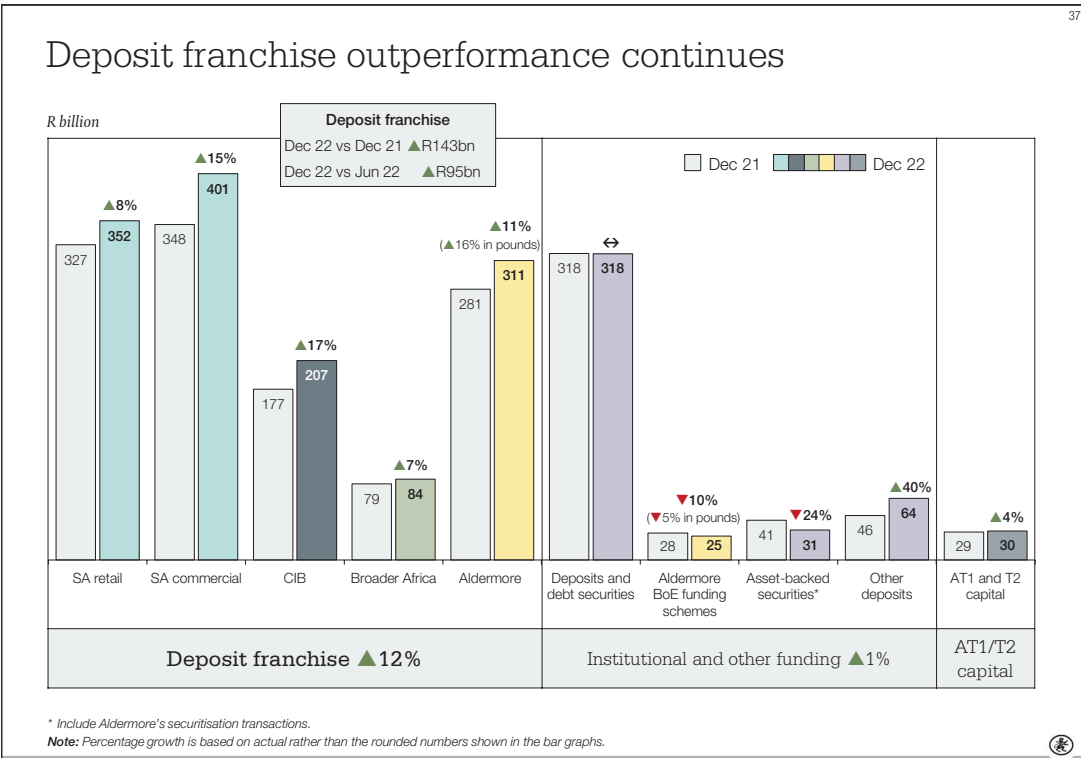


Overall increase in NII reflects balance sheet growth and endowment



* Includes share of profit from associates and joint ventures after tax.

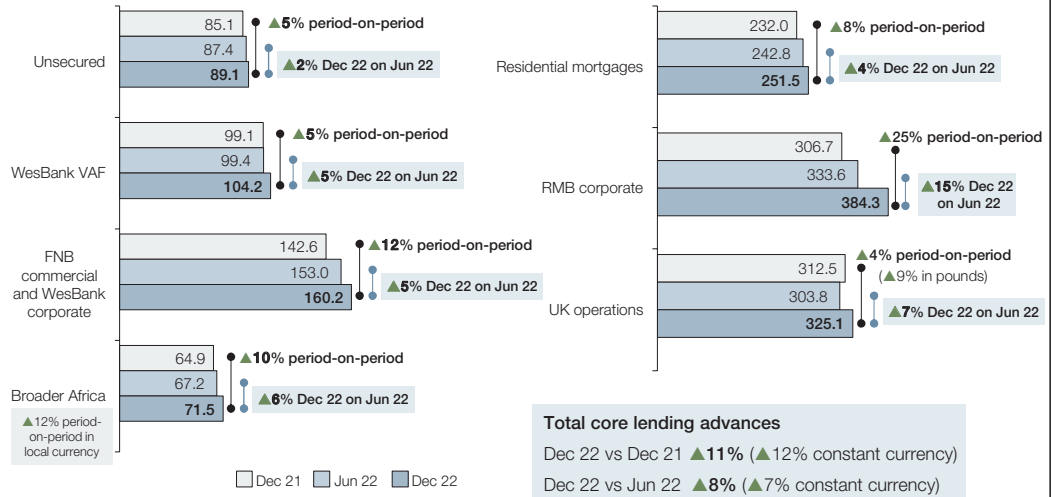




Advances growth driven by residential mortgages and corporate, momentum picked up in WesBank VAF

Core lending advances

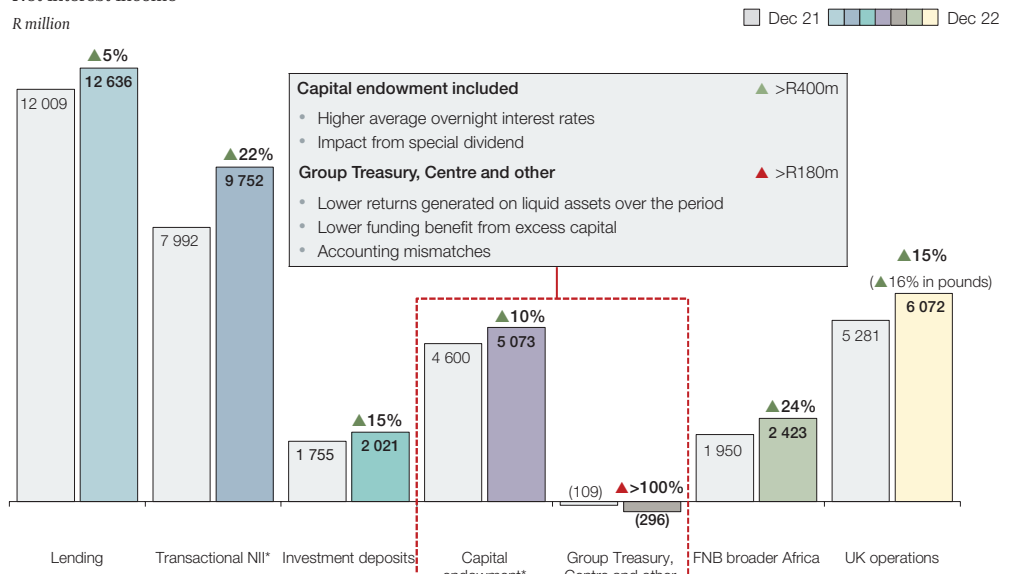
R billion



Transactional NII reflects health of franchise

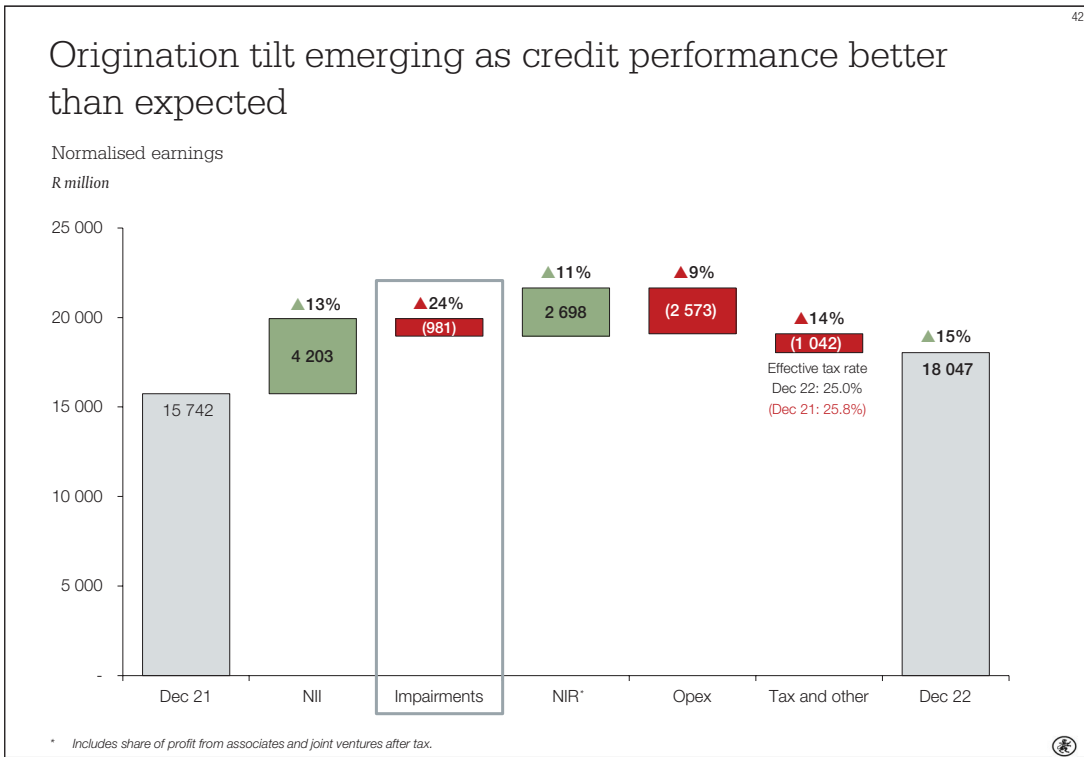
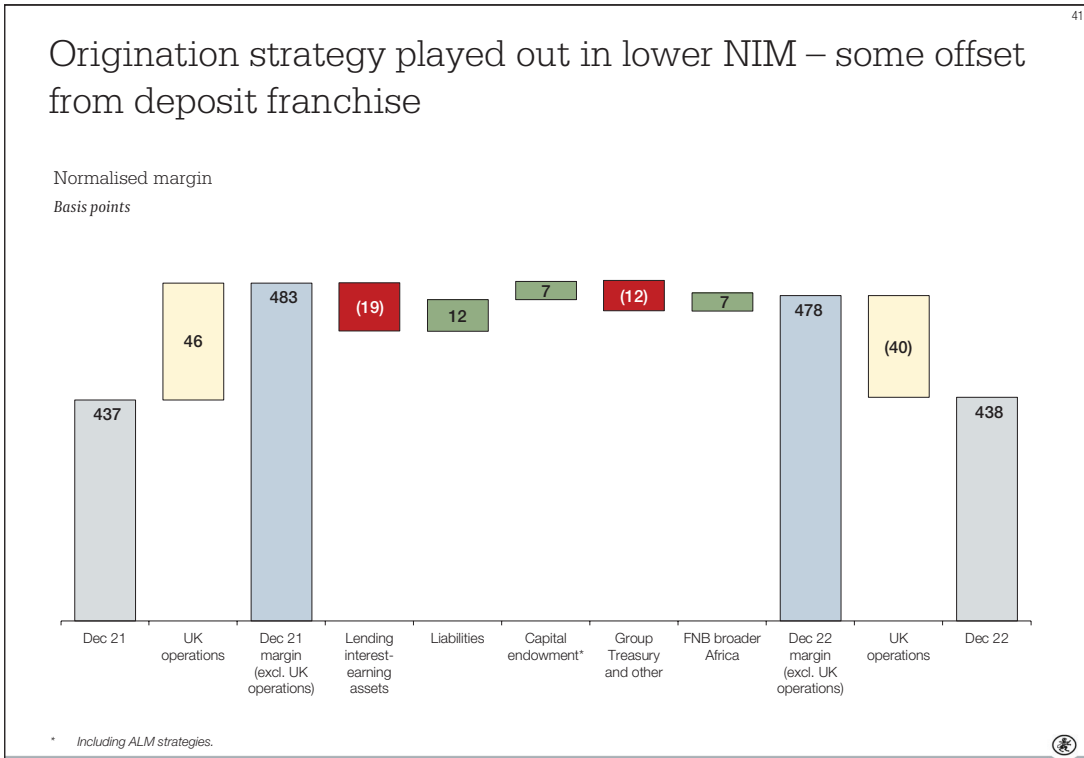
Net interest income

R million



* Including ALM strategies.

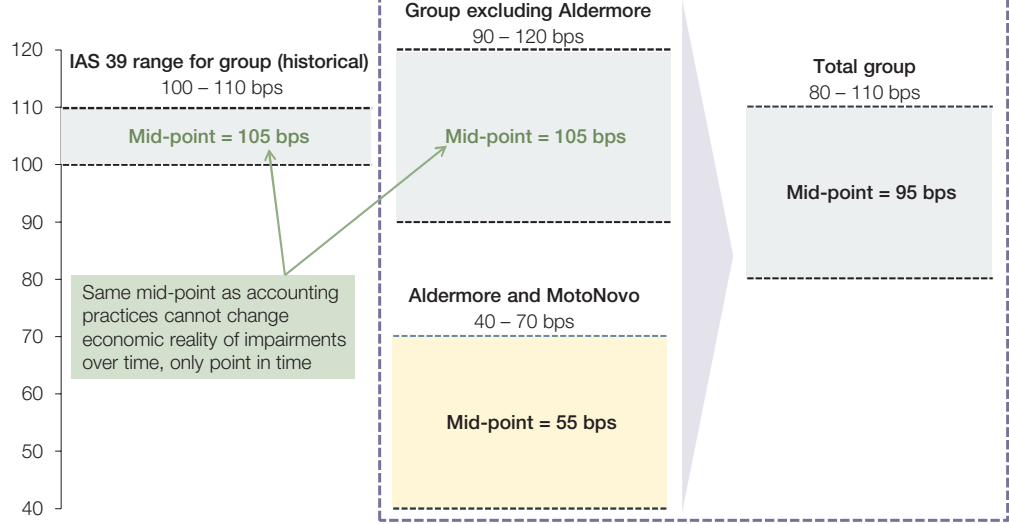




Revised TTC ranges under IFRS 9

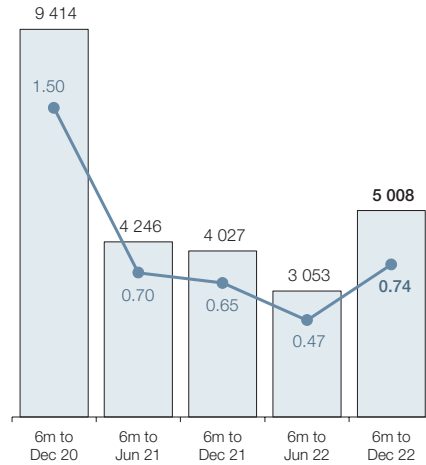
Through-the-cycle (TTC) credit loss ratio ranges

Basis points



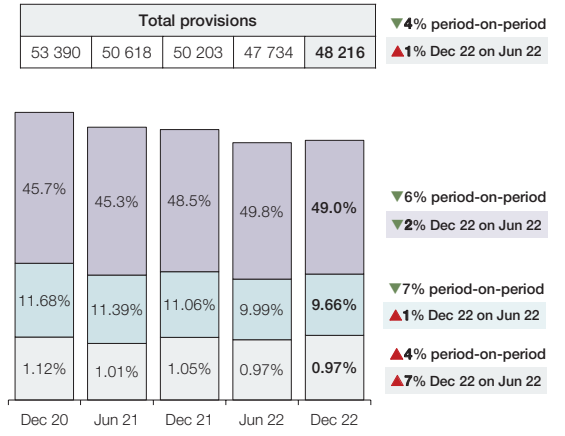
Despite challenging macros, impairment charge still benign

Impairment charge (R million) and credit loss ratio (%)



Impairment charge — Rolling six-month credit loss ratio*

Total provisions (R million) and coverage (% of core lending advances)

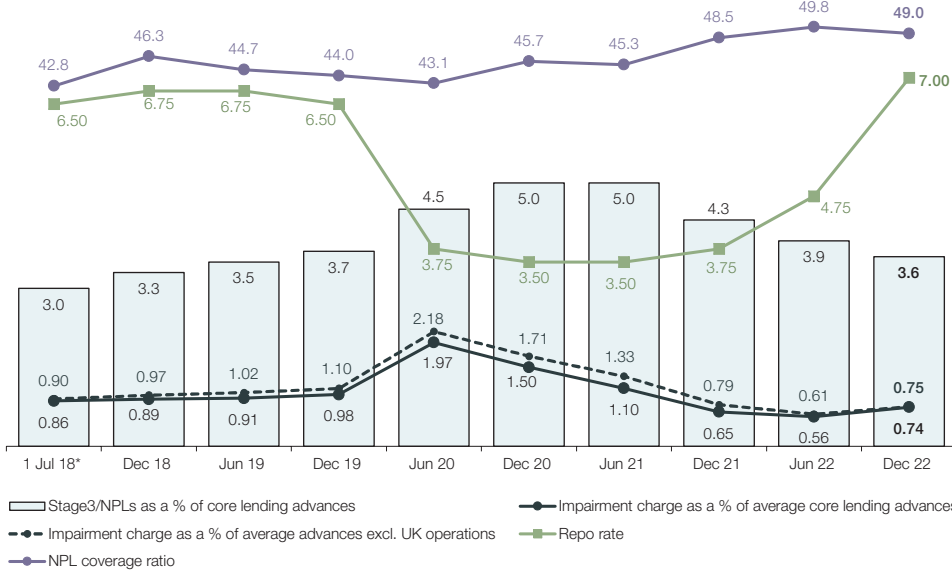


Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3

* Annualised.

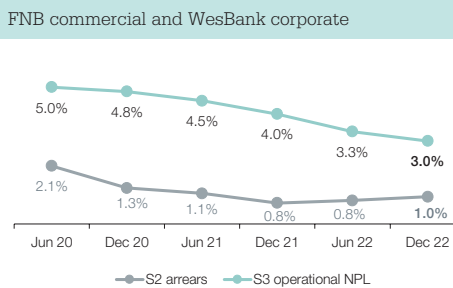
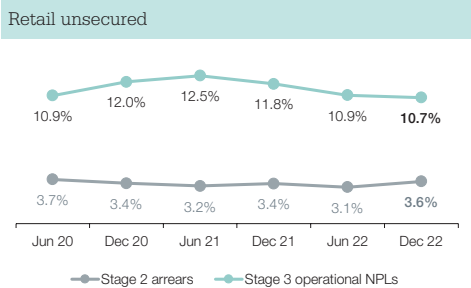
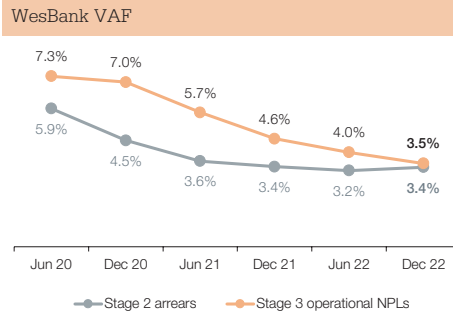
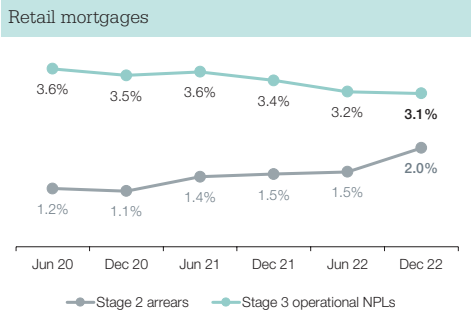


Despite steep rise in rates, NPL roll rates benefiting from origination tilt



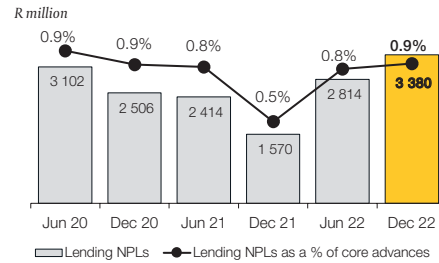
* NPLs as a percentage of advances and NPL coverage ratio are based on IFRS 9. Impairment charge is based on IAS 39.

Trend in arrears early demonstration of origination approach

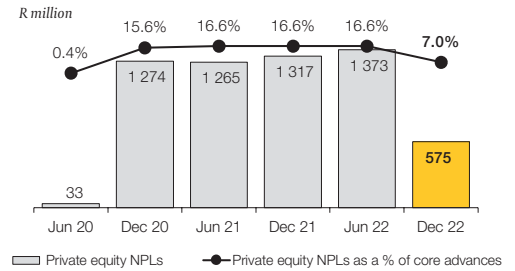


RMB corporate lending and private equity stage 2 and NPLs

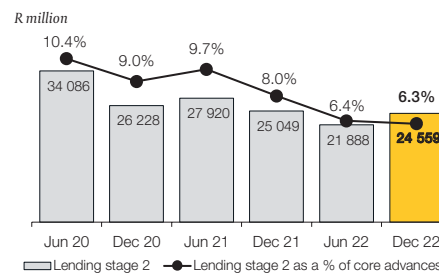
Lending NPLs



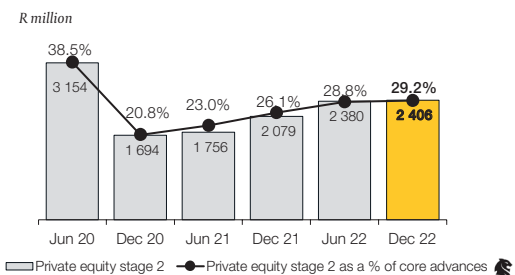
Private equity NPLs



Lending stage 2

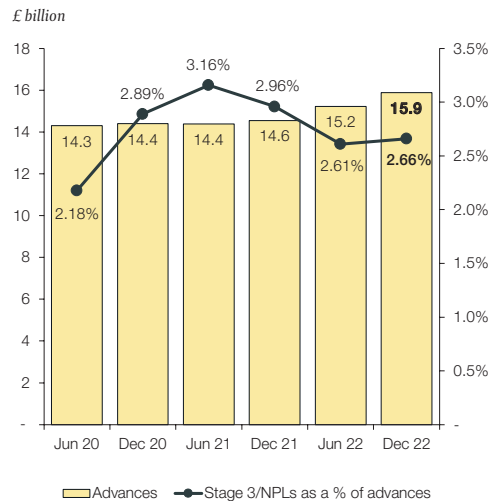


Private equity stage 2

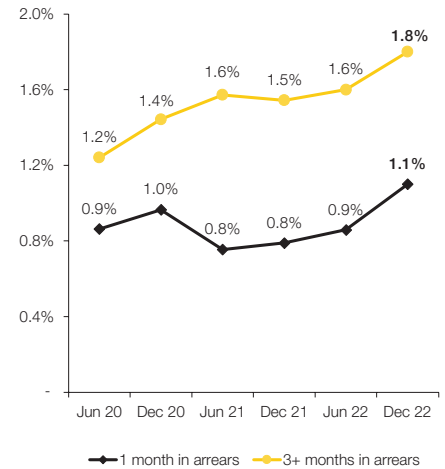


UK credit performance as anticipated

Gross advances and NPLs



Arrears levels



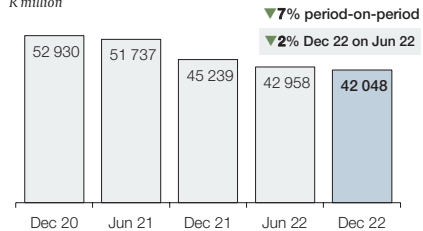
Note: Following resumption of repayments after >6 months' relief customers are held in stage 3 for up to 12 months' probation, depending on product.

Curing NPLs also benefited from focused collections

49

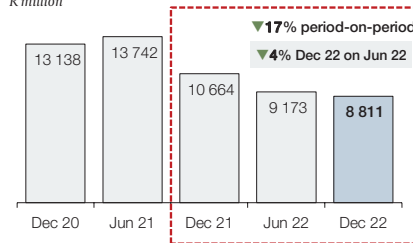
NPLs (excluding UK operations)

R million



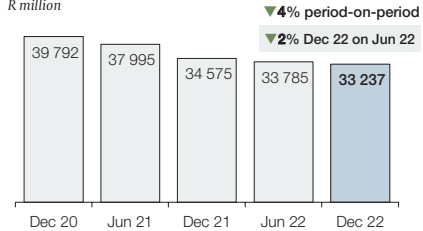
Paying NPLs (excluding UK operations)

R million



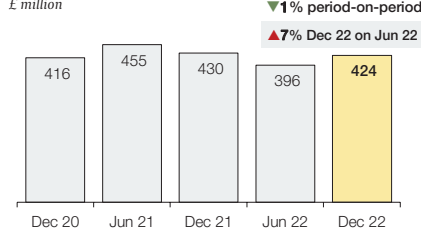
Operational NPLs (excluding UK operations)

R million



UK NPLs

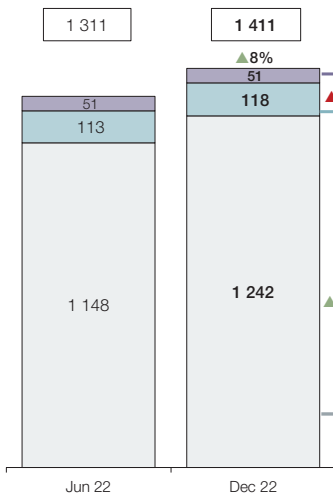
£ million



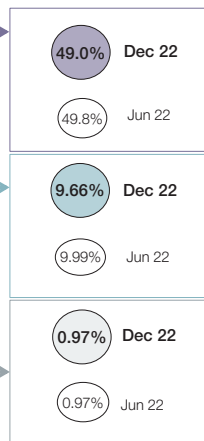
Some origination strain from book growth

50

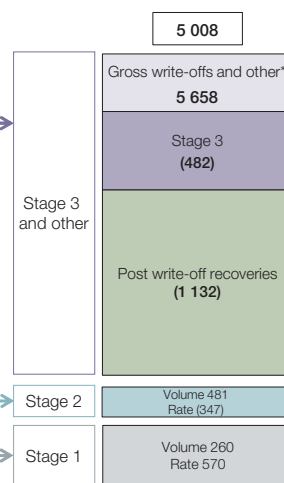
Core lending advances
R billion



Coverage
%



Impairment charge
R million



□ Stage 1 □ Stage 2 □ Stage 3

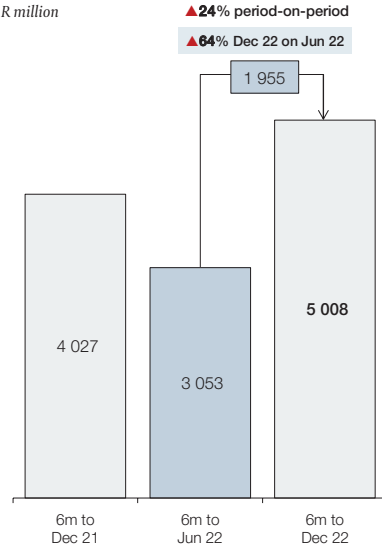
* Write-off of gross balances excluding prior period provisions held. Also includes modification losses and interest on stage 3 advances.
Note: Advances in bar graphs are based on rounded numbers.



Increase in charge reflecting releases in prior period

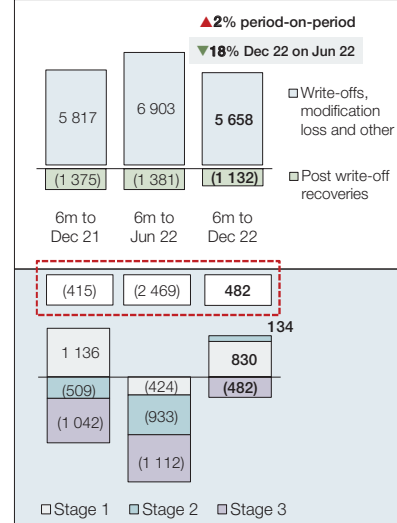
Impairment charge

R million



Impairment charge decomposition

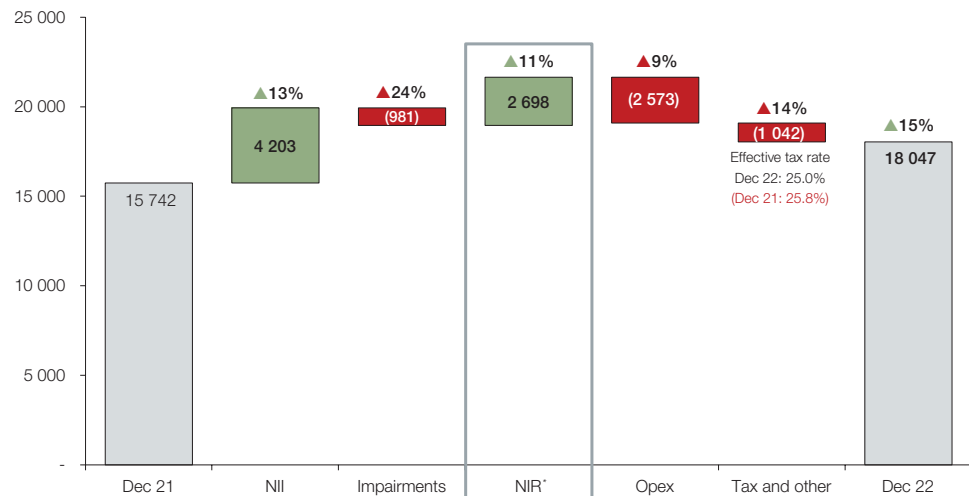
R million



Underlying NIR growth driven by strength of transactional franchise but impacted by Ghana provisions

Normalised earnings

R million



* Includes share of profit from associates and joint ventures after tax.

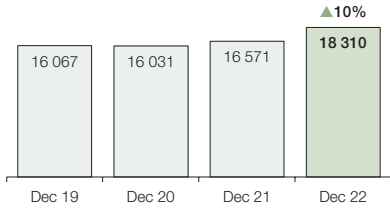


53

Unpack of underlying NIR performance

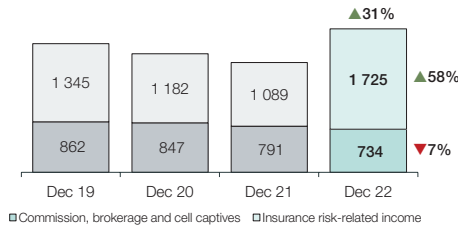
Fee and commission income

R million



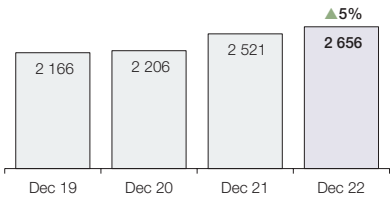
Insurance income

R million



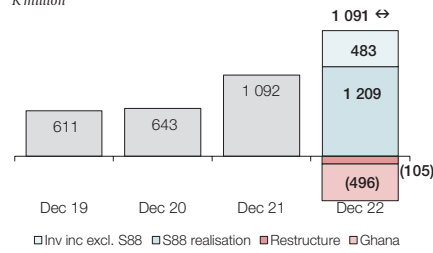
Trading and other fair value

R million



Total investment income*

R million



* Includes share of profit from associates and joint ventures after tax.

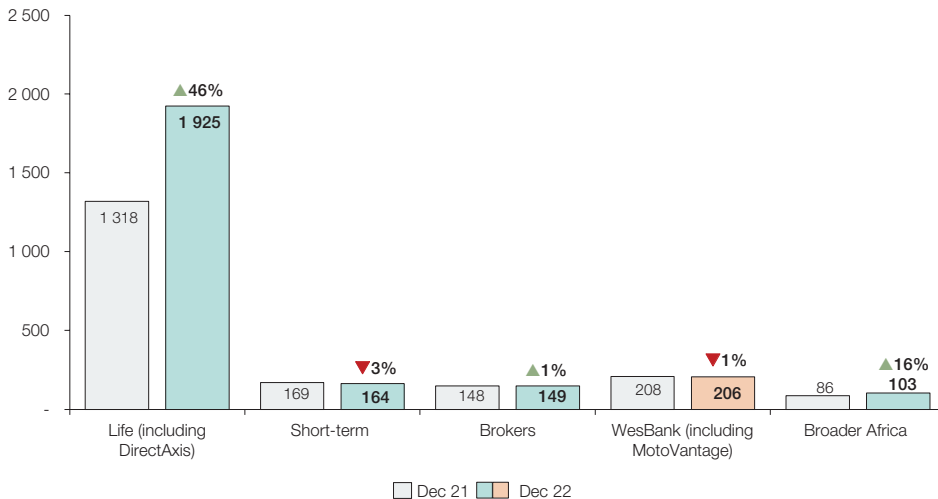


54

Integrated insurance strategy playing out

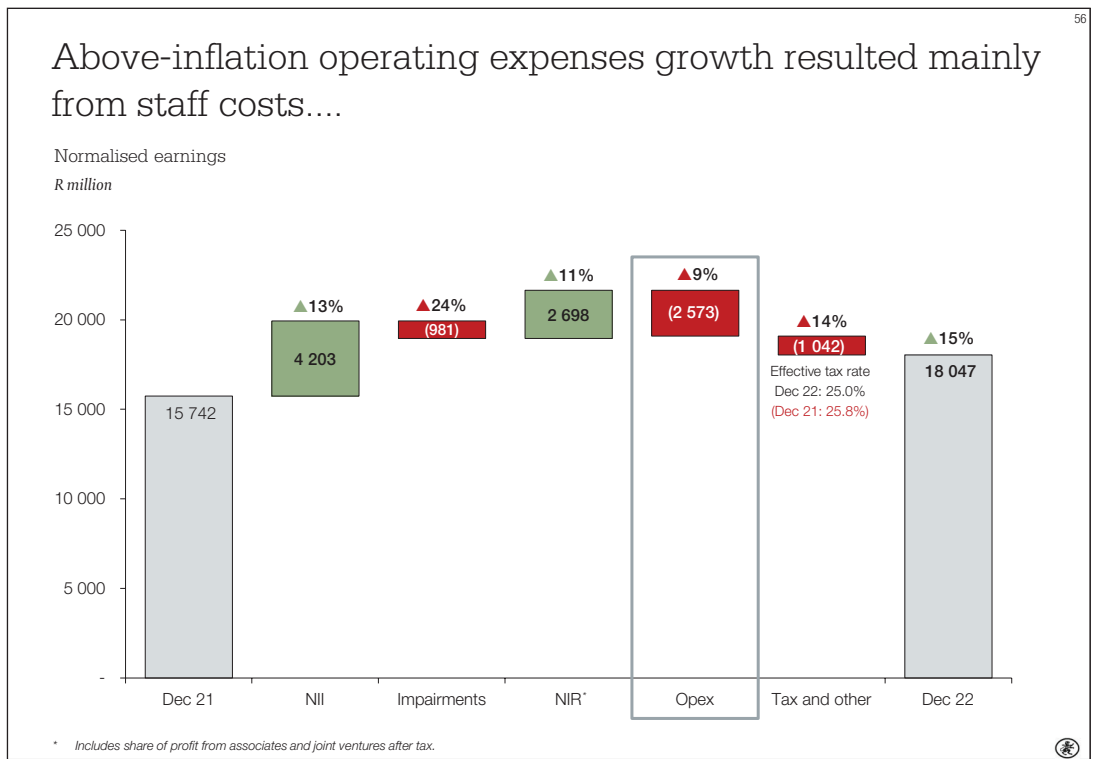
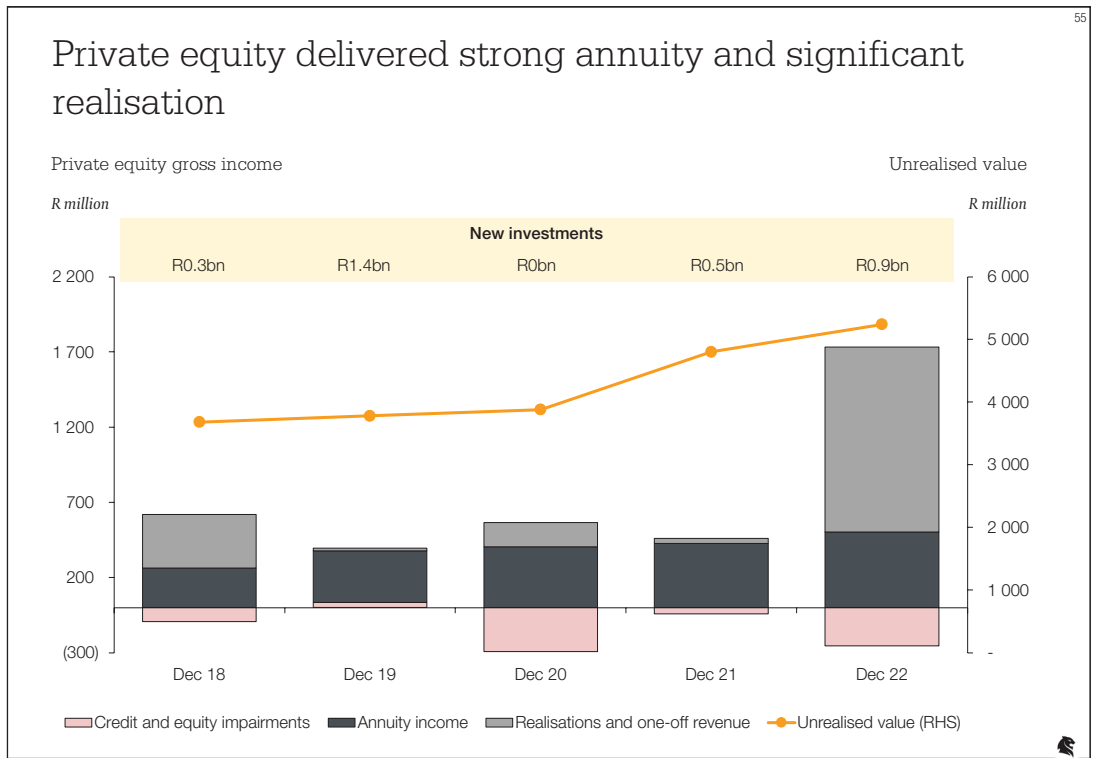
Insurance income*

R million



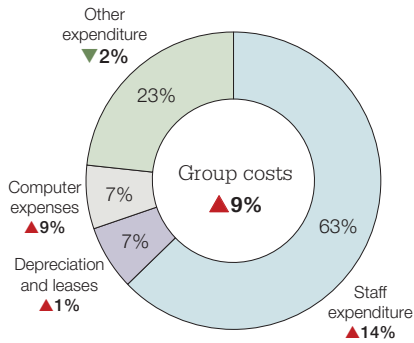
* Excludes Centre and other insurance income of -R88 million (Dec 21: -R49 million).





57

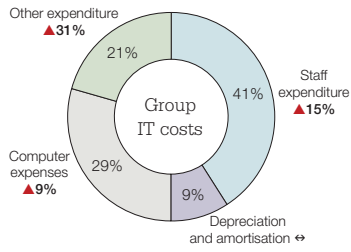
...which comprise headcount and salary increases



Staff costs ▲14%

	% change	Comment
Direct staff costs	▲13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual salary increases averaged 6% (unionised staff at 6.5%) Headcount (excluding FirstJob) growing 5% from both June 2022 and December 2021 Repricing of technical skills
Short-term incentives	▲9	Increased due to NIACC and earnings growth
Share-priced incentives	▲24	Growth as non-vesting should end after three years and increase in variable remuneration since June 22

IT costs ▲15% (continued investment)

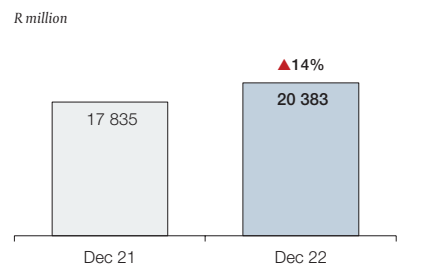


Horizontal lines for notes.

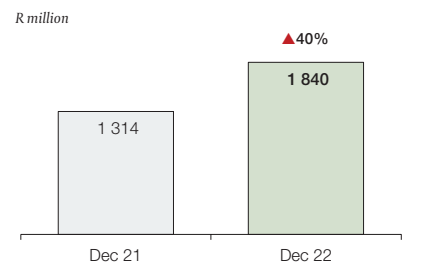
58

Over and above staff costs, investment spend continues

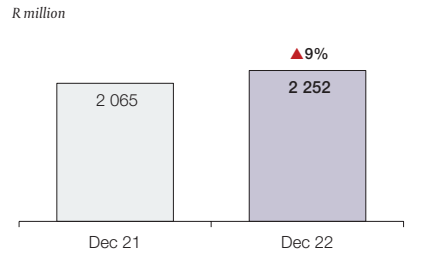
Staff expenditure



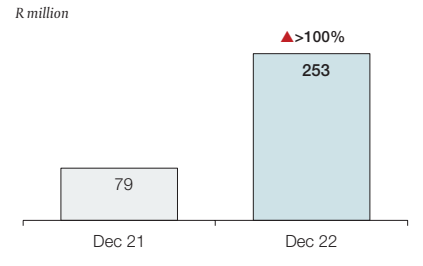
Professional fees



Computer costs

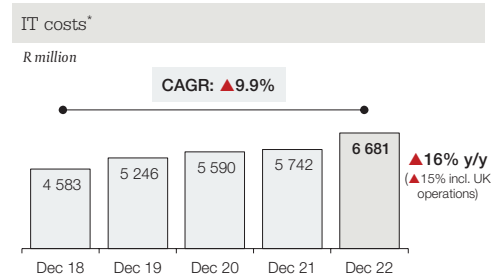
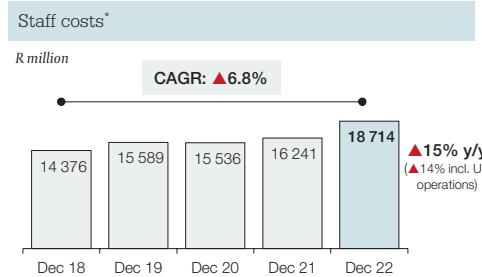
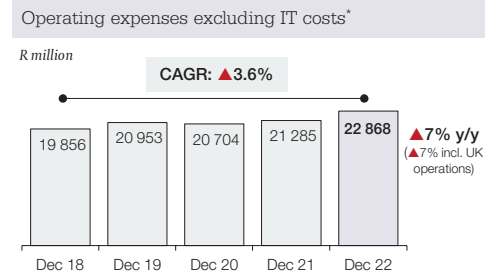
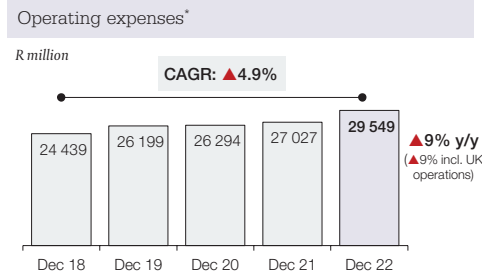


Business travel



Horizontal lines for notes.

IT costs still growing in support of platform journey



* Excluding UK operations.



Summing up – solid operational performance: all key drivers in line or better than expected

Net interest income ▲13%

- Deposit franchise ▲12%
- Advances ▲11%
- Endowment benefit
- Group margin maintained

Non-interest revenue* ▲11%

- Strong growth in fee and commission income
- Private equity realisation
- Continued rebound in insurance income

Impairment charge ▲24%

- NPLs ▼7%
- Coverages maintained
- Origination strategies benefiting charge
- Charge normalising but still better than expected and below TTC

Operating expenses ▲9%

- Inflation impact being felt
- Investment continues
- Cost momentum will require additional focus

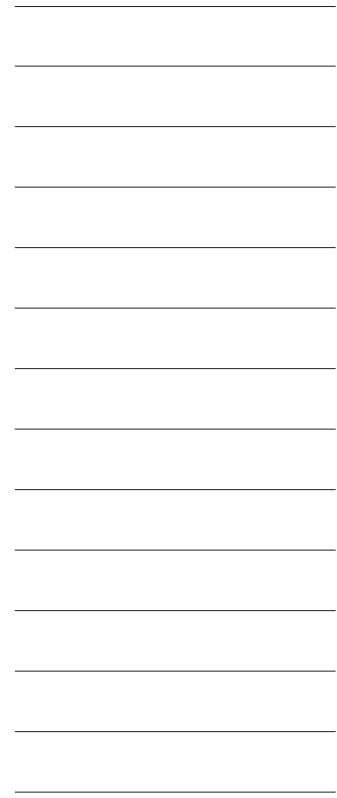
* Includes share of profit from associates and joint ventures after tax.





FirstRand

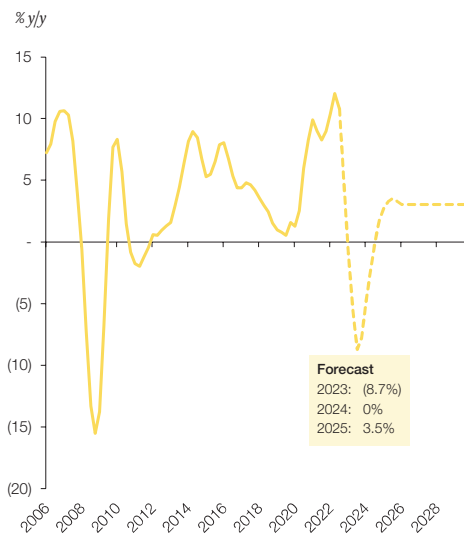
looking ahead



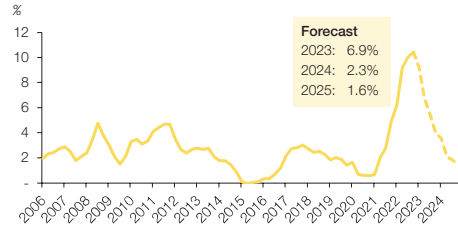
UK macros improving – some lagged impacts expected

62

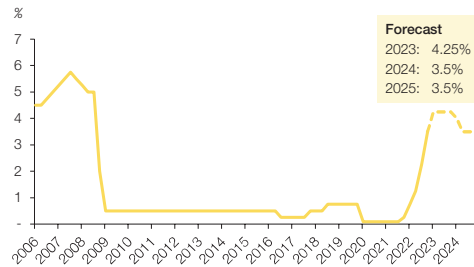
UK house price growth



UK inflation rate (CPI)



BoE policy rate



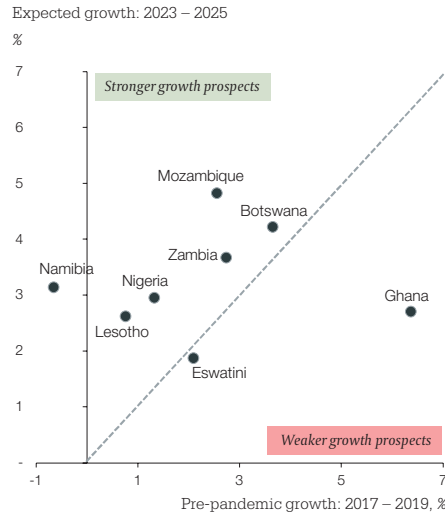
Sources: Bloomberg, Office of National Statistics (ONS), Aldermore.

A

Broader Africa presents both challenges and opportunities

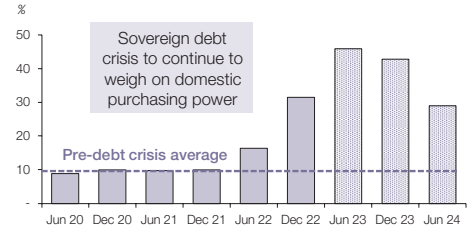
63

Real GDP growth: pre-pandemic vs expected

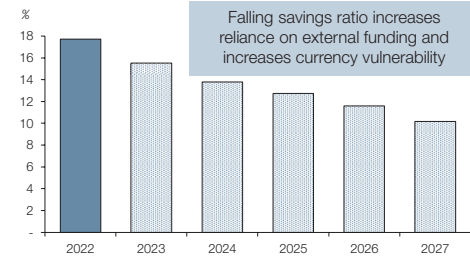


Sources: IMF, FirstRand.

Ghana's inflation rate



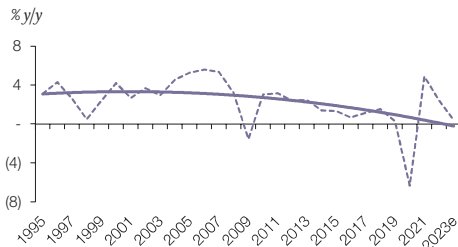
Nigeria's expected gross national savings-to-GDP ratio



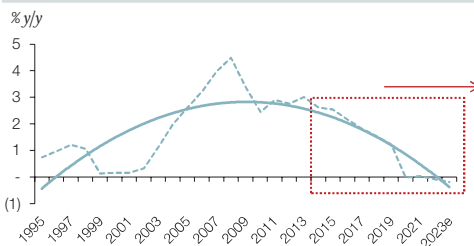
It will require a colossal effort to rebuild capacity in SA

64

GDP growth

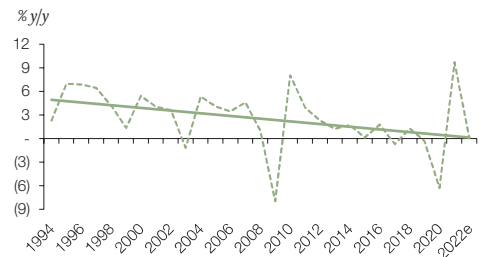


Gross fixed-capital stock growth



Sources: SARB, FirstRand.

Labour productivity growth – manufacturing



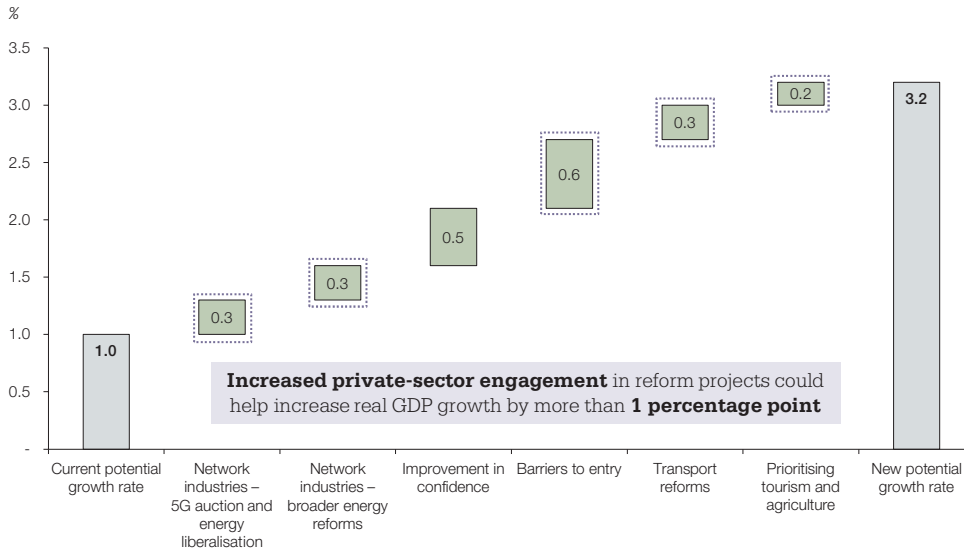
Need to **lift productivity growth** through **investment into:**

- **Infrastructure** – electricity, road, rail, ports
- **Human capital** – health, skills and education
- **Other productivity-enhancing measures** – policy certainty, law and order, fighting (and winning against) crime and corruption



Private sector can play a meaningful role in implementing productivity-enhancing measures in SA

Measures of structural reforms and estimated impact on production capacity



Sources: National Treasury, FirstRand.



SA country risks are worrying

FATF greylisting

- Cross-border vigilance
- Work tirelessly to get off the list as quickly as possible

Geopolitical risks

- Resolution at the US House of Representatives

WSJ

AFRICA

Janet Yellen Warns South Africa About Breaching Russia Sanctions

Treasury secretary's warning comes after U.S. officials raised concerns over the South African government's ties to Moscow



Treasury Secretary Janet Yellen with Enoch Godongwana, South Africa's finance minister, during a meeting in Pretoria, South Africa. PHOTO: WALDO SWIEGERS/BLOOMBERG NEWS

FINANCIAL TIMES myFT

War in Ukraine + Add to myFT

Western allies warn of 'severe costs' for countries helping Russia evade sanctions

US blacklists dozens of companies from countries including China, while EU and Japan prepare fresh curbs as war enters second year



Ukrainian servicemen fire a mortar towards a Russian position near



Looking forward to June

- Deposit growth should outpace advances growth
- Credit loss ratio to continue to normalise
- Operational run rate should deliver underlying earnings growth in the second half similar to first half:
 - Assuming non-repeat of the Ghana sovereign debt default impact and private equity realisation benefit
 - However, impairment charge may be further impacted by deteriorating forward-looking macro assumptions
- Normalised ROE expected to remain at the upper end of the group's range of 18% to 22%



FirstRand

appendix

Group strategic framework presents distinctive investment proposition

FirstRand commits to building a future of SHARED PROSPERITY through enriching the lives of its customers, employees and the societies it serves. This is the foundation to a sustainable future and will preserve the group’s enduring promise to create long-term value and superior returns for its shareholders.

DIVERSIFIED PORTFOLIO WITH UNIQUE STRATEGIES:

SOUTH AFRICA	BROADER AFRICA	UK
Platform-enabled integrated financial services providing ecosystems that create long-term value for clients and shareholders	Build competitive advantage and scale to deliver economic profit and dividends	Modernise, digitise and scale to a more valuable UK business that delivers economic profit and dividends

Enabled by digital platforms

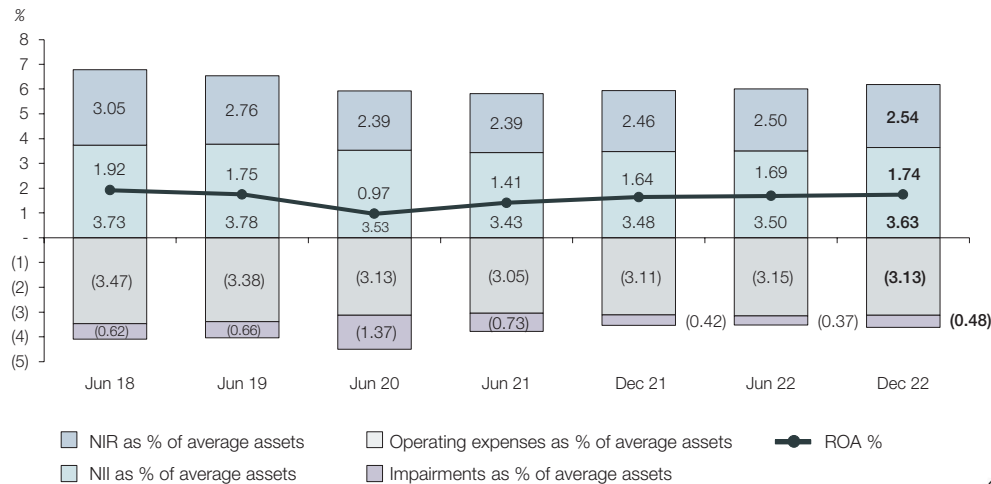
Disciplined management of financial resources (capital, funding, liquidity and risk capacity) to deliver on financial commitments

Committed, accountable and empowered people key to delivering continued outperformance



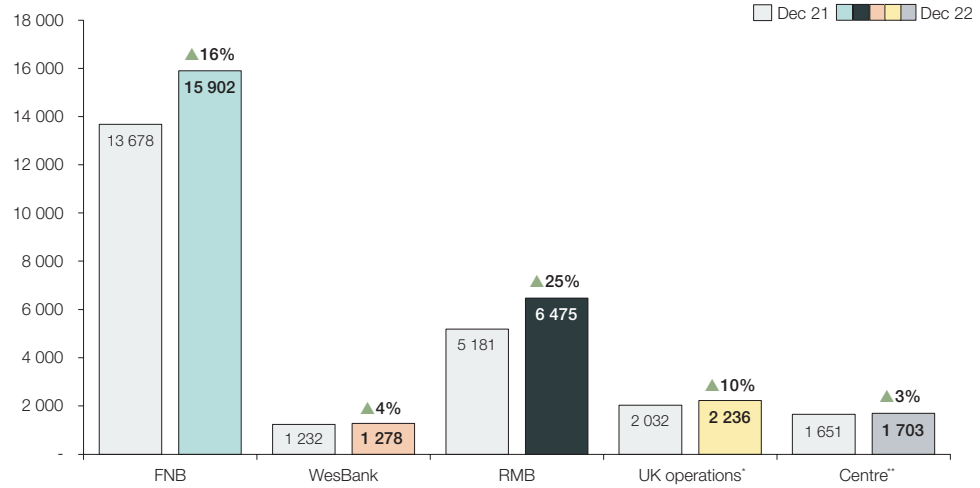
ROE decomposition unpacks drivers of operational performance

ROE (%)	23.0	22.8	12.9	18.4	20.1	20.6	21.8
Gearing (times)	12.0	13.0	13.3	13.0	12.3	12.2	12.5



PBT demonstrates operational performance of portfolio

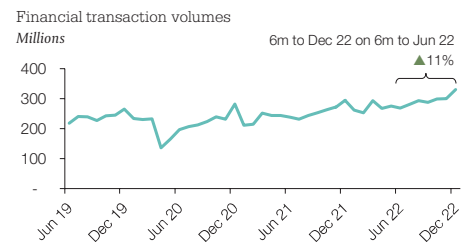
Normalised PBT
R million



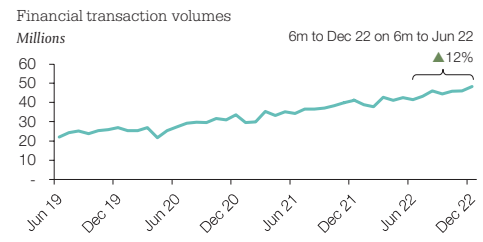
* Include Aldermore and total MotoNovo (front and back books).
** Excludes FirstRand company and consolidation adjustments.

Good growth in transactional volumes continued

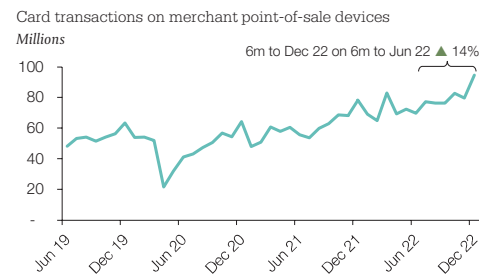
Transactional volumes* **▲15% period-on-period**



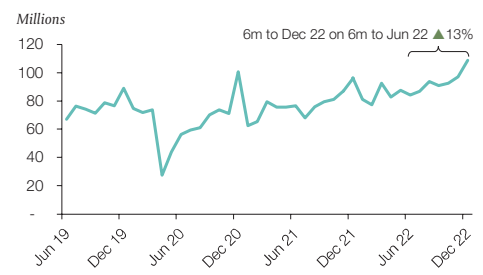
Banking app volumes **▲19% period-on-period**



Card acquiring **▲24% period-on-period**



Card issuing** **▲17% period-on-period**



* Reflect financial volumes across all channels.
** Restated to exclude Discovery card.

73

Quality of FNB transactional franchise supported by platform strategy and unique customer propositions

Customers			Digital (app, online and USSD)		eBucks	
Retail	8.04m	+5%	Volumes	+12%	Rewards earned	R1.1bn
Commercial	1.20m	+5%	Logins	878m	Rewards earned since inception	R18.9bn
Broader Africa	1.98m	+6%	Digital transactions	370m	eB travel sales (+87%)	R450m
Total active customers	11.22m	+5%	Smart device payments (up >100%)	>R16bn	FNB Connect	
eWallets*	6.36m	+7%	Virtual cards on app	3.9m	Active MVNO SIMs	879k +4%
Total platform users	17.58m	+6%	Sales >4 500 transactional accounts daily		Data used (MB)	4.4bn +12%
72% of customers using platform unassisted			Customer solutions engine (offers on platform)		Lotto, electricity, airtime sales	R9.2bn +1%
Representation points**			Loaded	656m +>100%	STRONGEST BANKING BRAND IN THE WORLD 2023 Banking 500 report	
Branches	741	+1%	Taken up	6.5m +21%		
ATMs (incl. ADTs)	5 719	↔	Best SME Bank South Africa 2023 Global Finance Awards		Best Employer Brand on LinkedIn LinkedIn Talent Awards	
CashPlus (agents)	3 071	+36%				

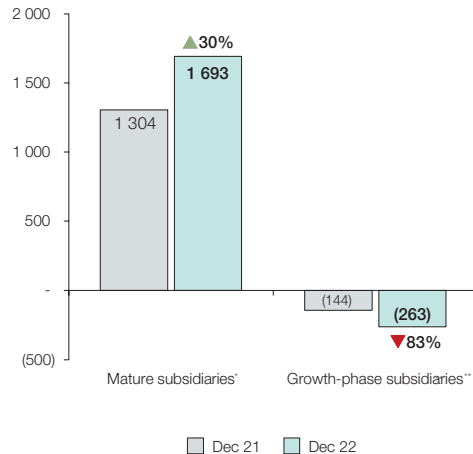
* Represent all SA eWallets without another FNB relationship/product that had at least one transaction in the past six months. Total eWallets including other FNB relationships = 8.2 million.
** Include broader Africa (exclude Tanzania).



74

Strong performance from FNB broader Africa

Normalised PBT
R million



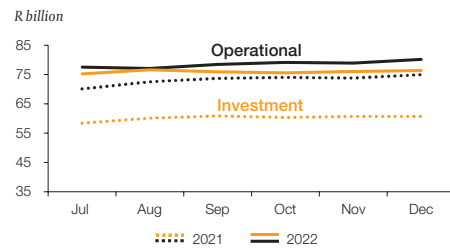
- **FNB broader Africa PBT increased 23%**
 - Endowment NII benefit on high rates
 - Increase in customer base and transactional volumes drive NIR growth
 - Cost increase on high inflation, exchange rate and platform build-out
- Marginal increase in impairments:
 - Decline in NPLs
 - Higher impairments in Ghana
 - Lower recoveries
- Continued growth in advances and deposits

* Mature subsidiaries: Botswana, Namibia, Eswatini (mature subsidiaries' performance shown gross of minority interests).
** Growth-phase subsidiaries: Lesotho, Mozambique, Zambia, Ghana and support.

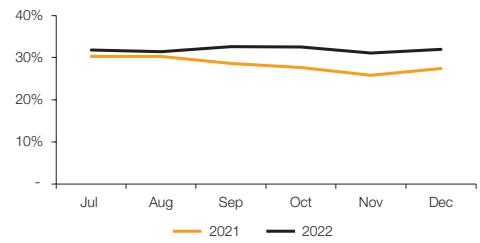


RMB corporate and transactional banking's deposit growth and volumes supported by client acquisition

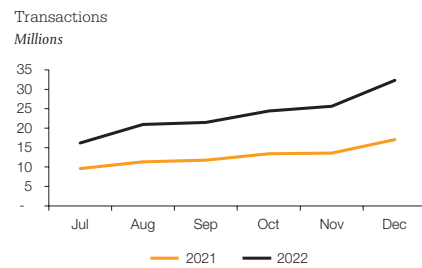
Average deposits



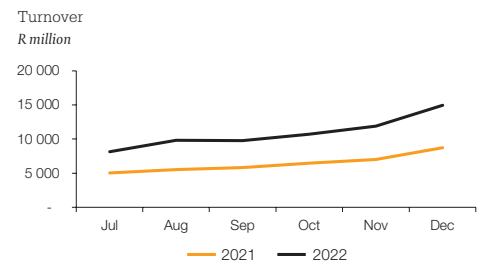
Rand general banking facility utilisation



Merchant services volumes (SA)

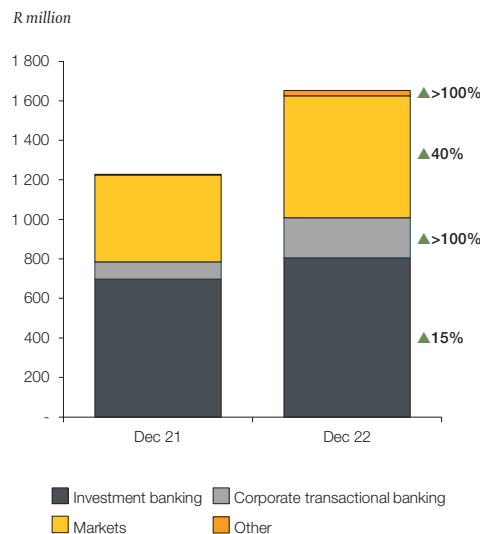


Merchant services turnover (SA)



RMB broader Africa PBT increased 34%

Broader Africa* normalised PBT



Banking

- Strong cross-border advances growth with increased momentum seen towards end of H1
- Good in-country advances growth across the portfolio with Nigeria, Botswana and Namibia largely contributing to the increase
- Decrease in advances margin, impacted by high-yielding deals rolling off and pricing pressures across the various jurisdictions
- Deposit margins benefited from a rising rate cycle across multiple jurisdictions
- Results negatively impacted by increased cross-border provisions, particularly in Ghana

Markets

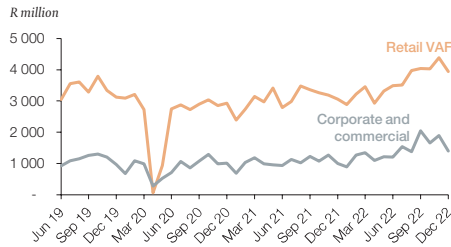
- Good performance on the back of increased client flow, notably in Nigeria, Mozambique and Namibia
- Cross-border revenue growth benefiting from:
 - Favourable fixed-income and foreign exchange positioning, particularly in Ghana, Nigeria and Zambia
 - Increased volumes on FX swaps and secured financing on the back of increased limits

* Strategy view including in-country and cross-border activity.

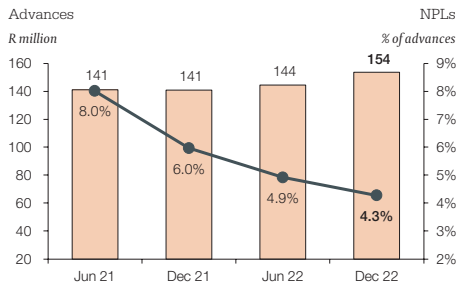
WesBank – operational trends

Good growth in production

Amount disbursed on new and existing business

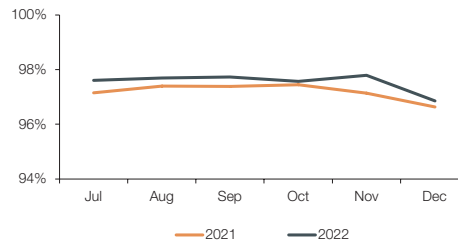


Positive NPL trends

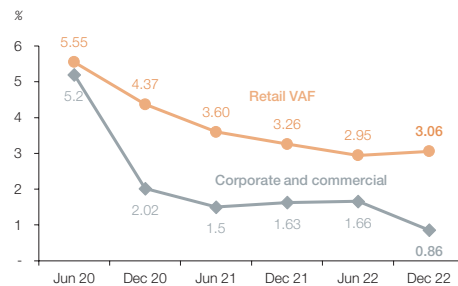


Retail collection trends

Overall debit order success rate



Early arrears



Aldermore acquisition – value accretive

	£ million	R million (rand equivalent)
Investment at acquisition (March 2018) @ spot rate (£1 = R16.68)	1 098	18 311
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the three months ended 30 June 2018	16	
June 2018 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R18.18)	1 114	20 253
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2019	95	
June 2019 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R17.98)	1 209	21 738
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2020	52	
June 2020 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R21.43)	1 261	27 023
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2021	85	
June 2021 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R19.72)	1 346	26 543
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the year ended 30 June 2022	125	
June 2022 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R19.95)	1 471	29 347
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo: earnings for the six months to 31 December 2022	67	
December 2022 adjusted NAV @ spot rate (£1 = R20.46)	1 538	31 467
Aldermore excluding MotoNovo return on investment over 57 months	40.1%	71.9%
Compound annual growth rate (CAGR)	7.4%	12.1%

FirstRand excess capital could have been invested at 3-month JIBAR: 5.65% (FY18 – FY22 average) and 6.24% (1H23)



Group has strengthened its balance sheet

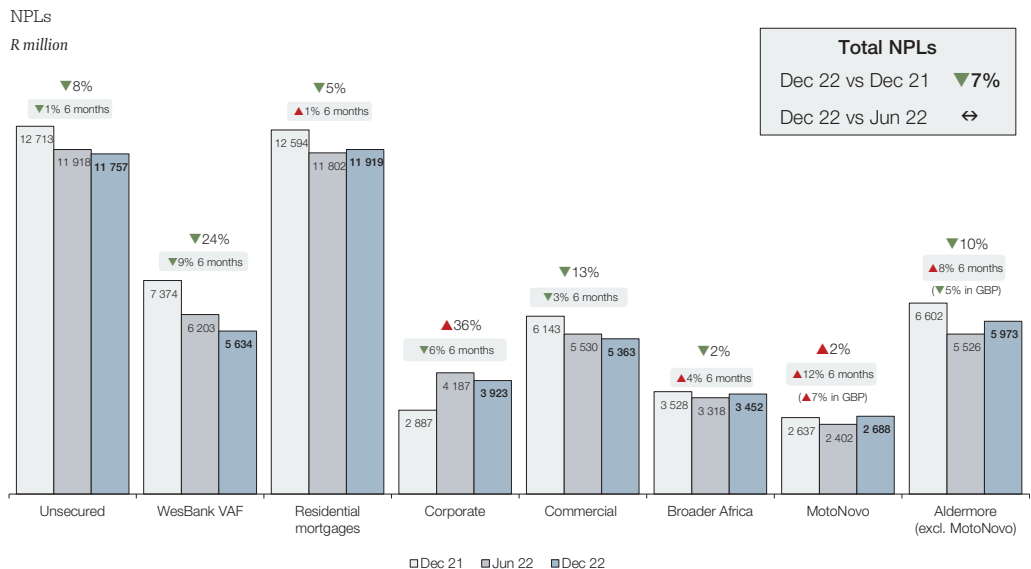
	ACTUAL	TREND
Assets in marketable format	>R536 billion	Marketable liquid assets remained stable
Liquid assets as % of total assets	25.1%*	Marginally lower following balance sheet growth
LCR and NSFR	LCR: 121% (group), 124% (bank) NSFR: 120% (group), 117% (bank)	The group's liquidity position remains healthy, with prudential ratios well above regulatory minimums.
Credit quality of assets	BB-/B+	Stable
Institutional funding term**	33 months	Lower due to institutional funding run-off combined with marginally lower long-dated senior issuance
Deposit franchise**	74% core deposit funding	Funding strategy favours client deposits, creating an improved liquidity risk profile coupled with deeper client engagement
RWA risk density	56.6%	Marginally higher
CET1 ratio	13.2% (group), 12.6% (bank)	Well above internal target range
Standalone bank credit rating	Highest in SA	Maintained

* Reflects internal economic view.

** For South African operations only.



NPL formation supported by cures, slower inflows and focused collections, UK ops reflecting macros

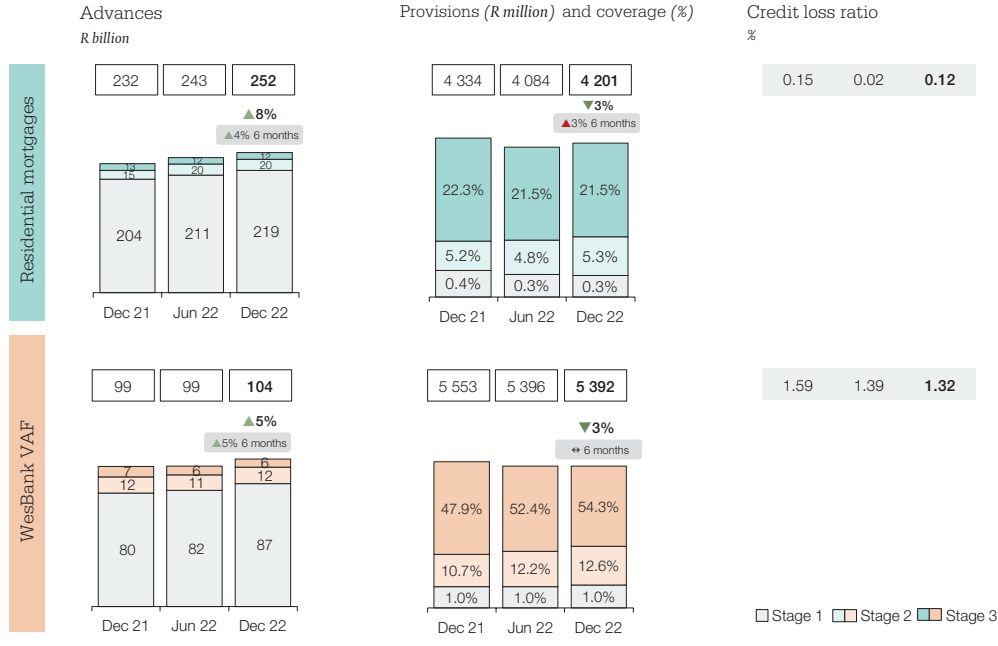


Note: Growth rates are based on growth since December 2021 and the change from June 2022 is indicated as 6 months.



81

Breakdown of advances and provisions

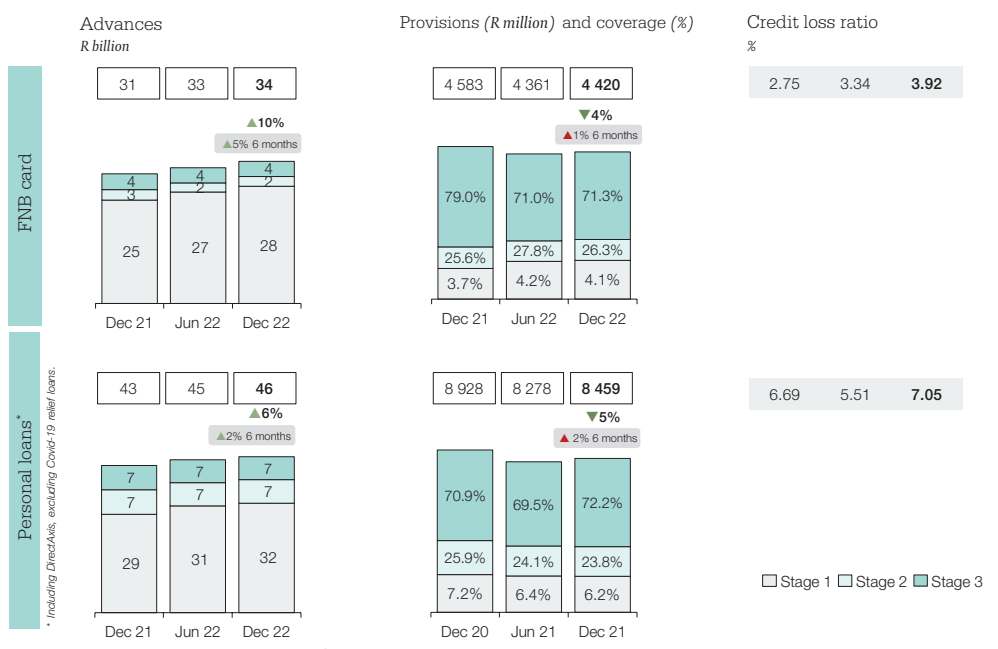


Note: Advances in bar graphs are based on rounded numbers. Growth rates are based on growth since December 2021 and the change from June 2022 is indicated as 6 months. Graphs exclude impact of temporary stress scenario.



82

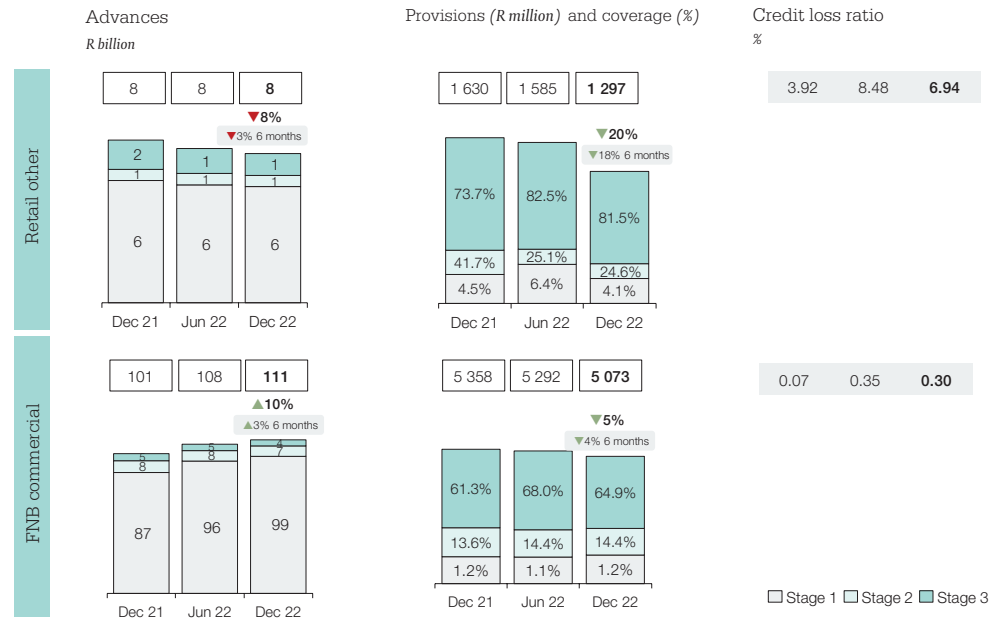
Breakdown of advances and provisions



Note: Advances in bar graphs are based on rounded numbers. Growth rates are based on growth since December 2021 and the change from June 2022 is indicated as 6 months. Graphs exclude impact of temporary stress scenario.



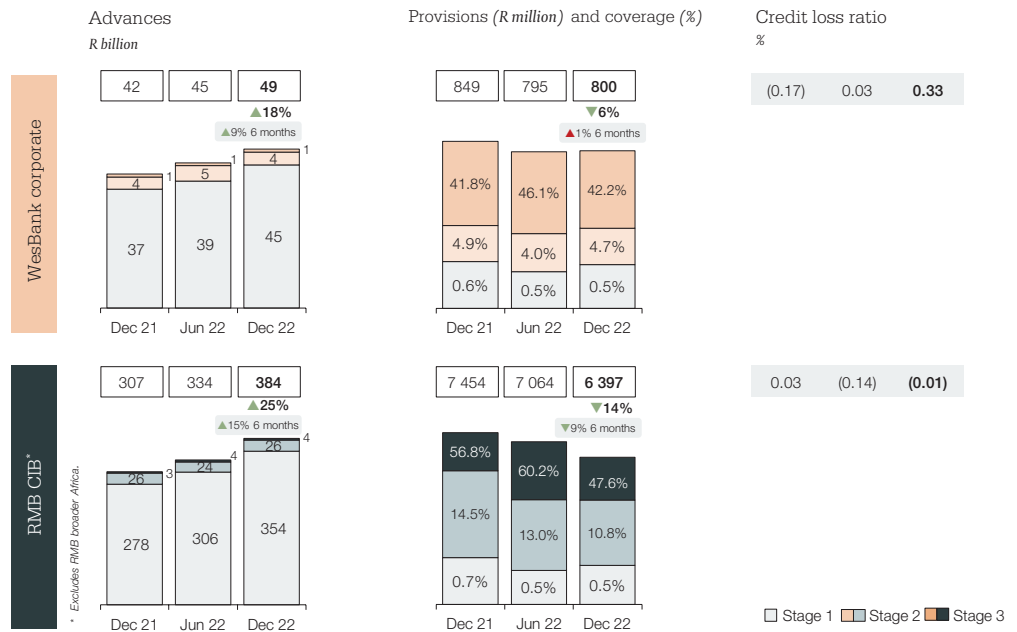
Breakdown of advances and provisions



Note: Advances in bar graphs are based on rounded numbers. Growth rates are based on growth since December 2021 and the change from June 2022 is indicated as 6 months. Graphs exclude impact of temporary stress scenario.



Breakdown of advances and provisions

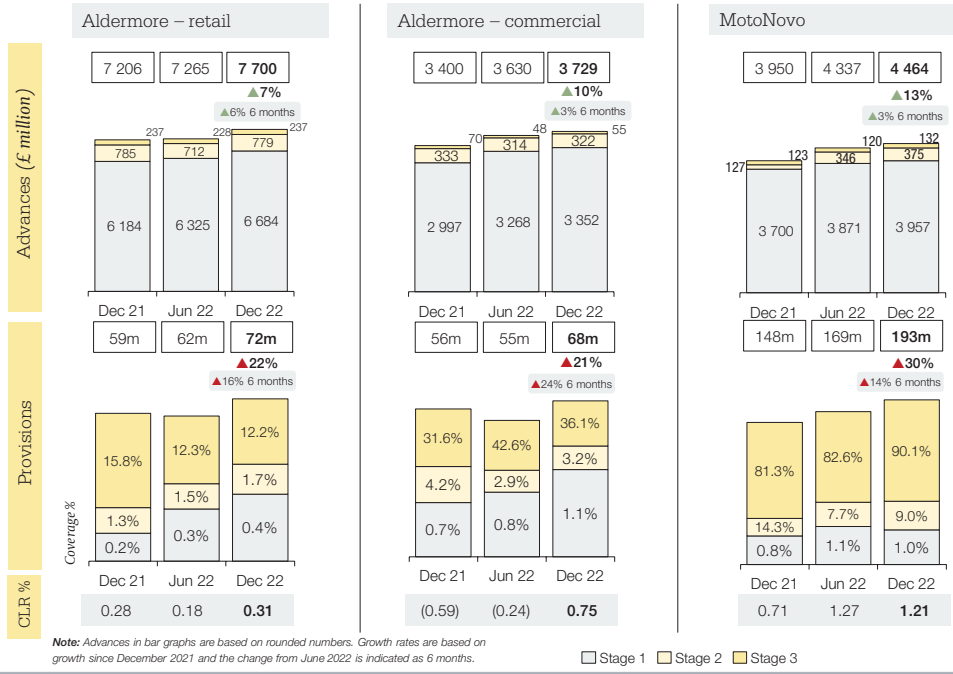


Note: Advances in bar graphs are based on rounded numbers. Growth rates are based on growth since December 2021 and the change from June 2022 is indicated as 6 months.



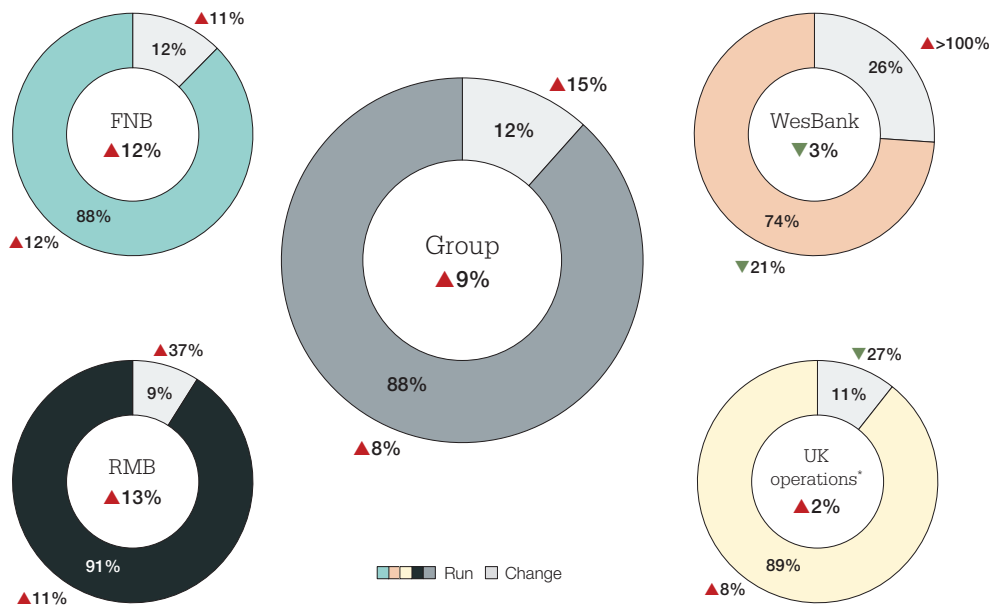
Breakdown of advances and provisions

85

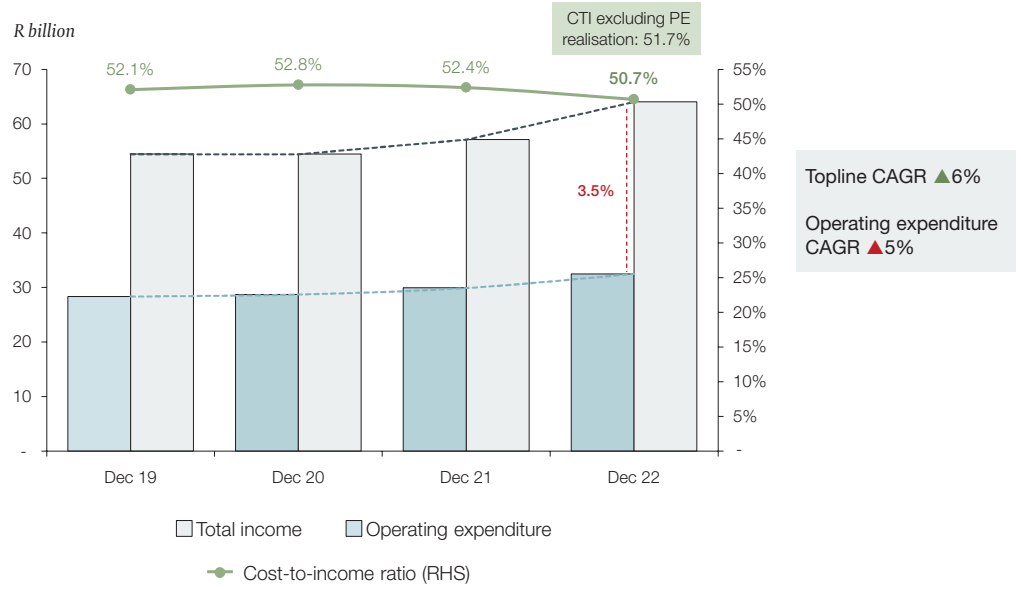


Cost growth driven by staff costs and investment spend

86



Topline growth benefited jaws





WWW.FIRSTRAND.CO.ZA